

BERKS COUNTY PRESS.

By S. Myers & Son.

"The Will of the Majority should be respected by ALL."

At \$1 50 per Annum, payable in Advance.

VOL. XIV.

READING, PA. TUESDAY MORNING, APRIL 18, 1848.

NO. 9.

REMOVAL.

THE SUBSCRIBERS having removed their **BOOT & SHOE** Store next door to Clymer's Dry Goods Store, lately occupied by S. Wanner's Ladies Shoe Store beg leave to inform their customers and the public in general that they will keep all kinds of Boots and Shoes which they will sell cheap. He has also all kinds of Boots and Shoes at his place of residence, a few doors above Shuler's Hotel, Corner of Rail Road and Penn street. **A. HENKE, Sen. & CO.**
April 4—41. 7-1848

NEW STORE.

Corner of Fifth and Spruce Streets.

THE subscribers have just returned from Philadelphia, with an entire new and well selected assortment of **DRY GOODS**, among which are

Bleached and unbleached Muslins, from 3, 5, 6, 8, 10 to 12½ per yard.
New style prints, best colors, from 5, 6½, 7, 8 to 12½ per yard.
New style Scotch Ginghams, from 12½, 14½, 16½ to 18½ per yard.
Manchester Ginghams, from 10, 12½ to 15½ per yard.
Lawn and Gingham Lawns from 12½, 15½ to 18½ per yard.

Furniture Prints, 5, 8, 10 to 12½ per yard.
Splendid M'Delaines, all prices and colors.
Bed Tickings from 6½, 8, 10, 12½ to 18½ pr. do.
Furniture and Apron Check.
Striped Shirtings and Cotton Flannels.
Red, yellow and white woollen do.
Cloths and Cassimeres.
Satinets, all prices and colors.
Marseilles, Valencia and Satin Vestings.
Cotton Pantaloon Stuff, all kinds.

Together with a variety of Thibet, Cashmere and M'Delaine Shawls; fancy M'Delaine and cotton Hdk'fs.; Plaid and striped Muslin; Jaconet and Combrics, Blonde and Bobinets, Edgings and Laces, Hosiery and Gloves of every description.

A L S O.—Sugar, Coffee, Tea, Spices Cheese, Dried Peaches and Apples, Raisins, Mackerel and Cod Fish, Brandy, Gin, Wines and all other Liquors with a general assortment of Glass & Queensware, all of which will positively be sold lower than at any other Store in the city, by
March 29.—31. **KEFFER & CLAY.**

75 Bushels Dried Apples.

In store Seventy-five bushels Dried Apples pared and unpared, at the Cheap Grocery store,
No 20 North 5th street.
march 23 by E D SMITH.

Queensware, Glassware, &c.

JUST received and now opening at J. R. SMITH'S New Grocery and Queensware Store, No. 26, West Market Square, Reading, a splendid assortment of **QUEENSWARE, GLASS, YELLOW FIRE PROOF AND STONEWARE**, consisting of Granite or Sienn China in Dinner or Tea sets, Aurora do., light blue do., with a variety of common ware at prices to suit those who may favor him with a call. The attention of House- and new beginners is particularly requested.
JOHN R. SMITH.
No. 26 West Market Square.

No. 62.

PRICES REDUCED?

AT THE LARGE CLOTHING STORE,

No. 62, East Penn Street, between Sixth and Seventh Streets, three doors above Feather's Store, is the largest, cheapest and best assortment of **CLOTHING** that was ever offered in the town of Reading, consisting of the following articles, viz:

A beautiful assortment of **DRESS COATS**, at 7,50 worth \$10,50; do. do., at 10 worth \$14; do. do., at 12 worth \$16.
A beautiful assortment of fine **CLOTH SACK COATS**, at 3 worth \$5; do. at 5,00 worth \$7,00; do., at 7,00 worth \$10,00.
A beautiful assortment of Cassimere **PANTS**, at 3,75 worth \$5,50; Cassinett, do., at 2,75 worth \$3,50; Sattinett, do., at 1,75 worth \$2,50.
A beautiful assortment of figured Silk Velvet **VESTS** at 2,75 worth \$5,00.
A beautiful assortment of Satin and Woolen **VESTS** at 2,00 worth \$3,50; do. Vests at 75 worth \$1,50.
A beautiful assortment of **BOY'S COATS** at 2,00 worth \$3,50; Boy's Pants, at 1,25 worth \$2,25; Boy's Vests at 40 worth \$1,00.
A beautiful assortment of **CHILDREN'S CLOTHING**, which will be sold at the lowest possible rates.
A beautiful assortment of fine **SHIRTS**, at 1,50 worth \$2,00; do., fine Shirts at 1,00 worth \$1,50; do., fancy Shirts at 75 worth \$1,25; do. Shirts at 50 worth 75 cents.
A most beautiful assortment of **DRESS GOODS**, such as Cravats, Scarfs, Pocket Handkerchiefs, Stocks, Collars, Bosoms, Gloves, &c., &c., which will be sold very low.
On hand, a full assortment of **CLOTHS CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, &c.**, which will be made up to order, at short notice, in the latest style and upon reasonable terms.
To one and all we would say please give us a call, and you will find things just as they are represented to be. **THIS IS THE PLACE TO BE SUITED.**
Overcoats and Cloaks sold at COST.
Reading, April 4.

JAMES JAMESON, MERCHANT TAILOR.

Elijah Dechert,

ATTORNEY AT LAW.—Has removed his office to the house lately occupied by Mr. Philip Ziehr, on the North side of Penn street, between 5th and 6th streets, and between Belm's and Barto's Taverns.
Reading, April 4, 1848-tf.

J. BIDDLE GORDON,

ATTORNEY AT LAW.—Office North 6th street, opposite the Court House.
Reading, February 8, 1848. 51-1y.

A. L. HENNERSKOTZ,

ATTORNEY AT LAW.—Office in Court Street, near the Court House, Reading, Pa.
Nov. 23. 40-1y.

A. M. SALLADE,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Has removed his office to his former residence, in East Penn street, between 5th and 6th street, in the city of Reading.
Jan. 11. 1848 47-1y.

FRANKLIN B. MILLER

Attorney at Law.

Has removed his office, to the House formerly occupied by J. P. Jones and R. M. Barr, Esqrs. in North Sixth Street, a few doors below the Court House.
Reading April 8th, 1848.

HENRY VAN BRED,

ATTORNEY AT LAW.

Office corner of Sixth and Court streets. Nearly opposite the Court House, Reading, Feb. 8, 1848.

SAMUEL L. YOUNG,

Attorney at Law.

Office East Penn street, between 6th and

APPEAL DAYS.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the days of Appeal of the several Townships, Boroughs and Wards, in the county of Berks, for the year 1848, will be held at the Commissioners' Office of said county, at Reading, on the following named days, viz:

TOWNSHIPS.	DAYS.	TOWNSHIPS.	DAYS.
Bern	24 April	Longswamp	29 April
Bern Upper	24 District		29
Penn	24 Hereford		May 2
Centre	24 Washington		2
Heidelberg Upper	25 Colebrookdale		2
Heidelberg Lower	25 Douglass		2
Heidelberg North	25 Amity		3
Womelsdorf (bor.)	25 Earl		3
Marion	26 Pike		3
Tulpehocken	26 Oley		3
Tulpehocken Up.	26 Union		4
Bethel.	26 Cuernavon		4
Albany	27 Rubeson		4
Greenwich	27 Brecknock		4
Windsor	27 Cumru		5
Hamburg	27 Exeter		5
Maidencreek	28 Alsace		5
Richmond	28 N E W Reading		6
Maxatawny	28 N W W Reading		6
Kutztown	28 S E W Reading		8
Rockland	29 S W W Reading		8
Rosenbmanor	29		9

The assessors of the several townships, boroughs and wards, are requested to call at the Commissioners' Office, on Monday the 3d day of April next to receive their Transcripts. **JOHN Y. CUNNIUS, Clerk.**
Commissioner's Office, Reading, }
March 28, 1848. } 6-4

CHEAP HARDWARE.

JUST RECEIVED per late arrivals from Liverpool, a large assortment of **VICES, FILES, LOCKS, TABLE and POCKET**

GOVERNOR SHUNK'S BANK VETO.

To the Senate and House of Representatives:

GENTLEMEN:—The bill entitled "An act to extend the charter of the Bank of Chambersburg," has been presented for my approval.

The charter of this bank will expire by its own limitation on the first Wednesday of May, 1850, and the present bill proposes to extend it for a further period of ten years from that date. The bills to extend the charters of the Farmers' and Drovers' Bank of Waynesburg, the Columbia Bank and Bridge company, and the Farmers' and Mechanics' Bank of Philadelphia, are also before me. The charters of these institutions will expire by their limitations in May and Nov. 1849, and it is proposed to extend each of them for ten years from the time of their expiration.

The importance and responsibility of giving or withholding my sanction to the renewal of the charters of these institutions as well as others of a similar character, which may be presented during the present session, has induced me to bestow upon the subject my most serious consideration.

The great injuries which have been inflicted upon the whole people, but more especially upon those who are entirely dependent upon their daily wages for the subsistence and comforts of themselves and families, by the failure of banks and the depreciation of bank paper, demand at the hands of those entrusted with the power of legislation on the subject, the utmost caution and deliberation, before they extend a system which has, in so many instances proved itself vicious and deceptive, and ruinous to the laboring and producing portions of the people.

In the annual message, presented to the General Assembly at the commencement of the present session, I took the occasion to present the following views on the subject.

"Nothing can contribute so much to the maintenance of our present prosperity, as a sound currency. Pennsylvania is rich in productions of almost every description required by the wants of mankind; and nothing is necessary to make her people the most independent in the world, but a proper regard for her true interests. To advance these, she must not be seduced from her devotion to sound principles, by the artificial contrivances of false economists, whose selfish theories are as delusive as they are destructive of the public good.

"The present is a most propitious period, when there is an abundance of gold and silver in the country, to make a determined effort to increase its circulation, and secure to the people the currency which the wisdom of the framers of the Constitution of the U. States provided. Instead of creating new banks, or increasing the capital of old ones, our efforts should be directed to secure the solvency of those which already exist, and thereby render their circulation sound and reliable.

"Impressed with the force of these considerations, I am convinced that the increase of the banking capital of the State, would be unwise and impolitic; and I respectfully recommend that before any one of the existing banks is rechartered, a searching scrutiny be instituted into its affairs, its management, its credit, and its means; and if it be found that the notes have been suffered to depreciate, the notes should be recalled, and the bank should be rechartered on a new basis, and its capital should be increased to the amount of the depreciation of its notes. It is only

with the government.—In other words, banks become the creditors of the Commonwealth, by purchasing her bonds; these are deposited with the government, and the government endorses and returns to the bankers, notes prepared for circulation to an equal amount. I can perceive no grounds for confidence in this system. It must explode, in a country where it is adopted to any considerable extent, whenever a revulsion occurs to test its stability, for it is a deviation from true principles. Sound and safe banking can only be based & conducted on money, gold and silver. Neither individuals nor banks can lend that which they have not; and if they lend credit in the shape of bank notes, without the means to redeem them in gold and silver, they commit a fraud upon the community, as they lend, and put in circulation, that which is not money nor the representative of money.

"If this system of converting State stock into banking capital, and hypothecating it as a security for the payment of bank issues, were not a delusion, mortgages upon real estate, might be used for the same purpose, which would afford an equal, if not a better security, for the payment of the notes, and by this process, the whole value of the real estate of the country, might be converted into banking capital, and the people into a nation of bankers. This proposition shows, that the whole scheme is illusory and unsound. Free banking, in its legitimate sense, is the right which every man enjoys to lend his own money to whom he pleases. It is the exchange of money for securities, to repay with interest. It involves no fictitious increase of the circulation, but may be carried on to an indefinite extent without affecting the currency.—This is the free banking, which has at all times supplied, and does now supply, the wants of a large proportion of borrowers, and commands itself to general confidence and approval by its simplicity and adaption to the circumstances of the people."

In recommending "that before any one of the existing banks is rechartered, a searching scrutiny be instituted into its affairs, its management, its credit and its means, and if it be found that the notes have been suffered to depreciate, that the accommodations have been bestowed upon favorites and large speculators and dealers in money, instead of being diffused among moderate and safe customers—that the issues have at one period encouraged speculation by their excess, and at another oppressed honest industry by their contraction—in short, that the legitimate objects for which the privileges were granted, have not been by fair, faithful and judicious management accomplished, then the charter should be suffered to expire by its own limitation," I intended that the investigation should be rigid and thorough, and that the charters should not be renewed as a mere matter of course without examination, as has generally been the case heretofore. The time for the mysterious secrecy which has so long shrouded the transaction of banking institutions, has gone by. When they apply to the Legislature for a renewal of privileges they should come with clean hands, and ought to be required to give the most satisfactory evidence of the character of their discounts, and the nature and value of all their assets, and of their faithfulness in the execution of the trust confided to them. It is only

people at large, but, by many of the most enlightened bankers in the country. It is true, the application of the principle may not yet be perfect, but that its introduction, even in its modified form, will have a salutary influence, by producing more caution and care on the part of stockholders in regard to the management of the banks, as well as by affording a better ultimate security to their creditors, will not be denied.

Having attained this point, it is our duty to progress with the advance of enlightened public opinion, and to provide such other reasonable and wholesome restrictions, as the public interests require, and as the public sentiment demands. Among the further restrictions which have occurred to me as practicable and proper, are the following:

1st. One restricting the amount of issues to a less proportion to their capital. They are now generally authorized to issue three times the amount of their capital. This is too much, and ought to be reduced. It is the main cause of those fatal expansions, and contractions, which have heretofore proved so destructive to the best interests of the country. The amount of debts they are permitted to contract, ought also to be reduced, so as to restrain their operations at all times within reasonable and safe limits.

2nd. The banks of the State ought all to be required to keep their notes at par in the city of Philadelphia. It is the products of the country which are sent to the eastern markets, that form the legitimate basis of bank discounts in the country and as the country banks have the benefit of the country circulation, and the advantage of discounting the bills and drafts on the eastern cities, where they receive par funds in payment, it is asking but a small return for the favors conferred upon them, that they should keep their paper at par. This would put an end to a system of brokerage and speculation, which indirectly robs the people of the interior of many thousands of dollars annually.

3d. Banks ought to be treated as public institutions, because they furnish the currency of the State, and effect the pecuniary interests of the people more than any other institutions of the country. The directors ought to be placed under oath, and sworn to observe the provisions of the charters, and any wilful violation of them, ought to be made perjury. The whole proceedings of the banks should at all times be open to the inspection of any reasonable number of the stockholders to a committee of the Legislature, and to any officer of the State duly authorized.

4th. A failure to redeem their notes on demand, in specie, ought, in itself, to be an absolute forfeiture of their charter, except as to winding up their concerns, and for any act done as a bank after such failure, the fact ought to be allowed to be given in evidence as a bar to and suit in relation to any banking operation, subsequent to such failure.

5th. After a lapse of a few years, they ought not to be permitted to issue paper of a denomination below ten dollars.

These are some of the most prominent provisions, which ought, in my opinion, to be engrafted on our banking system, and applied to every bank in the State; and I cannot perceive any time so favorable for their adoption, as when the banks are asking an extension of their charters.

will positively be sold lower than at any other store in the city, by
March 29.—3t. **KEFFER & CLAY.**

75 Bushels Dried Apples.

In store Seventy-five bushels Dried Apples pared and unpared, at the Cheap Grocery store,
No 20 North 5th street,
march 23 by E D SMITH.

Queensware, Glassware, &c.

JUST received and now opening at J. R. SMITH'S New Grocery and Queensware Store, No. 26, West Market Square, Reading, a splendid assortment of QUEENSWARE, GLASS, YELLOW FIRE PROOF AND STONEWARE, consisting of Granite or Stern China in Dinner or Tea sets, Aurora do., light blue do., with a variety of common ware at prices to suit those who may favor him with a call. The attention of House- and new beginners is particularly requested.
JOHN R. SMITH.
No. 26 West Market Square.
april 4.

REGALIA.

THE SUBSCRIBER has constantly on hand, and will make to order at short notice, all kind of Velvet, Satin, Worsted, and Linen Regalia, all of which he will sell very cheap. Odd Fellows, Sons of Temperance, Temples of Honor, U. A. Mechanics, Druids, Reclaimers, and all other Societies, are urged to give him a call before purchasing elsewhere.

BANNERS trimmed, and FLAGS made at short notice. Orders from a distance punctually attended to.

HENRY A. LANTZ,

No. 42 West Washington street, Reading.
Reading, April 4.

NOTICE

IS HEREBY given, that the subscriber has been appointed Assignee of Samuel J. Moore [Merchant] of the city of Reading, Berks co. All persons indebted to the said Samuel J. Moore, are notified to make payment without delay, and those having claims will present them to

ADAM JOHNSON, Assignee.

march 28 6-3t

Boots! Boots!! Boots!!!

A large assortment of BOOTS, consisting of Calf, Kip and Morocco, expressly made up for Summer wear, which will be sold very cheap at the Boot and Shoe Store of

A. HENKE, Sen. & CO.

april 4-4t. 7-1848

GREAT BARGAINS.

THE subscribers have just returned from the city with a large assortment of Spring Goods which will be sold at great Bargains; among the articles are the following:

Black Silks, plain and figured;
Blue black do do
Plain Silks, Plaid and Stripes.
Black and blue black Turk's Satin.
Plain and Figured de Laines.
Cashmeres, plain and figured.
Shawls of every description.
Alpacas, all colors and styles.
Ginghams and Gingham Lawns.
Bereges and Linen Ginghams.
Linen Cambric Pocket Hdkfs.
Plaid, Striped and Plain Jackonets for Dresses.

Lace Goods of every description.
The Ladies are respectfully invited to call and examine the same.

march 14 **J. & C. M. PEARSON.**

NEW CROP NEW ORLEANS SUGAR.

Just received new crop New Orleans Sugar, also Pulverized, Crushed and Loaf Sugar, very cheap, by
march 21 **E. D. SMITH.** 5-3t.

Has removed his office to his former residence, in East Penn street, between 5th and 6th street, in the city of Reading.
Jan. 11. 1848 47-1y.

FRANKLIN B. MILLER

Attorney at Law.

Has removed his office, to the House formerly occupied by J. P. Jones and R. M. Barr, Esqrs. in North Sixth Street, a few doors below the court House.
Reading April 8th, 1848.

HENRY VAN BURE,

ATTORNEY AT LAW.

Office corner of Sixth and Court streets. Nearly opposite the Court House, Reading, Feb. 8, 1848.

SAMUEL L. YOUNG,

Attorney at Law.

Office East Penn street, between 6th and 7th streets, a few doors above Heitzman's store.
Dec. 28, 1847.-1y

JOHN BANKS

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

May be consulted at his dwelling house East Penn, between 6th and 7th until the middle of pril, when he intends opening an office in the house of Mr. Heitzman, corner of 6th and Penn streets.
March 23. 5-4t.

LUMBER YARD,

CORNER of Water and Chesnut streets, near Penock's wharf, where every description of Lumber can be had at all times.
Nov. 9, '47.-1y **JOEL RITTER.**

DANIEL MILLER

West Penn Square, between 4th and 5th Street in the basement of Rapp's Hotel, Reading, Pennsylvania.



Respectfully informs his friends and the public, that he is prepared to deliver Hydrants of every description, Lead and Iron Pipes, Bath Kettles, Bathing Tubs, hot and cold Shower Baths, Water Closets, Wash-basins, Iron and Brass Pumps, which will draw water 110 feet, and throw it as high as a two story house; also, Hydraulic Rams to conduct water from Springs and Creeks to houses, which will with a pressure of 4 feet drive the water 100 feet high. He warrants every article manufactured by him to give general satisfaction.

Hydrants repaired at the shortest notice.

All orders from the country thankfully received and promptly attended to.
march 14, 1848 4 3mo.

Chesnut Posts and Rails.

The subscriber has on hand, and offers for sale, a splendid lot of Posts and Rails.
Mar. 7-3mo. **CHA'S FICHTHORN.**

Red and Blue Ink, in bottles of various sizes, of the very best quality, for sale by
S. MYERS & SON,
opposite the Court House.

FRENCH GINGHAMS AND LAWNS.

A superior assortment now opening, at the Sign of the Golden Ball, by
april 4.] **SEYFERT & MINER.**

Bethel. 26 Caeruarvon
Albany. 27 Robeson
Greenwich. 27 Brecknock
Windsor. 27 Cumru
Hamburg. 27 Exeter
Malden Creek. 28 Alsace
Richmond. 28 N E W Reading
Maxatawny. 28 N W W Reading
Kutztown. 28 S E W Reading
Rockland. 29 S W W Reading
Roscombmanor. 29

The assessors of the several townships, boroughs and wards, are requested to call at the Commissioners' Office, on Monday the 3d day of April next to receive their Transcripts.
JOHN Y. CUNNIUS, Clerk.
Commissioner's Office, Reading, } 6-4
March 28, 1848.

CHEAP HARDWARE.

JUST RECEIVED per late arrivals from Liverpool, a large assortment of VICES, FILES, LOCKS, TABLE and POCKET KNIVES, etc., etc. All of which are offered at the very lowest Philadelphia prices, by
STICHTER & M'KNIGHT.
April 11

Fresh Importations.

THE Subscribers have now on hand, received per Ship "H. H. Bootey" and Monongahela, landed at Philadelphia—a large assortment of English Hardware, which is for sale at the lowest possible prices, by
april 11. **STICHTER & M'KNIGHT.**

TO COUNTRY MERCHANTS.

The attention of Country Merchants is particularly invited to the large stock of Goods now unpacking at the Store Sign of the Golden Ball, consisting of
Bleached and Unbleached Muslins.
Furniture and Apron Checks.
Fine and low priced Calicoes.
Shirting, Stripes and Plaids.
Pantaloons Stuffs, all kinds.
Tweeds and Croton Cloths.
Bleached and Unbleached Drills.
Blue, Brown and Drab do.

With a general assortment of other Goods, which will be disposed of at a very small advance by
SEYFERT & MINER.
April 4.

Orphans' Court Sale.

Pursuant to an order of the Orphans' Court of Berks county, will be sold by Public Vendue, on Saturday the 27th day of May, A. D. 1848, on the premises in Union township Berks county.

All that certain messuage, tenement and tract of land, situate in the said township of Union, and county aforesaid, bounded by lands of John Gault, George Keller, and C. Brooke, containing one hundred acres more or less. The improvements are a two story STONE HOUSE and Kitchen, a Log Barn, Stone Spring house with a never failing Spring of water, an Apple orchard & other fruit trees, of the above about twenty-five acres are meadow ground which can be watered, and about twenty acres are excellent Timber land, the remainder arable. Late the property of William Wamsher dec'd.

Sale to commence at 1 o'clock in the afternoon when due attendance will be given and the terms of sale made known, by
JACOB WAMSHER, Adm'or.

By order of the court—**Z. H. MAURER Clk.**
April 11 '48 8-3t.*

DRESS GOODS.

Now receiving Black, Blue Black and changeable Silks, Plaid and striped Alpucas, Plain, Striped and Plaid Bareges, Poil de Cherrres, Fancy Mousseline de laines &c., to which the attention of the LADIES is invited at the Sign of the Golden Ball, No. 6, East Market square, by
April 11. **SEYFERT & MINER.**

sound principles, by the arithmetical contrivances of false economists, whose selfish theories are as delusive as they are destructive of the public good.

"The present is a most propitious period, when there is an abundance of gold and silver in the country, to make a determined effort to increase its circulation, and secure to the people the currency which the wisdom of the framers of the Constitution of the U. States provided. Instead of creating new banks, or increasing the capital of old ones, our efforts should be directed to secure the solvency of those which already exist, and thereby render their circulation sound and reliable.

"Impressed with the force of these considerations, I am convinced that the increase of the banking capital of the State, would be unwise and impolitic; and I respectfully recommend that before any one of the existing banks is rechartered, a searching scrutiny be instituted into its affairs, its management, its credit, and its means; and if it be found that the notes have been suffered to depreciate;—that the accommodations have been bestowed upon favorites, and large speculators, and dealers in money, instead of being diffused among moderate and safe customers; that the issues have at one period encouraged speculations by their excess, and another oppressed honest industry by their contraction; in short, that the legitimate objects for which the privileges were granted, have not been by fair, faithful and judicious management accomplished, then the charter should be suffered to expire by its own limitation. The discontinuance of such institutions will promote the public good, and will be hailed with approbation by all but those who have, for private gain, wrested them from the purpose for which they were established.

"This policy, so just towards the public, while it may, to a moderate extent, diminish the present amount of banking capital, will strengthen public confidence in the other banks, and add to the stability and soundness of the currency. And as it may, also, increase the profits of existing banks, beyond a just compensation to the shareholders for their investments, and as this excess of gain is derived from the special privileges conferred upon them by the Legislature, I recommend, that the tax imposed by the act of the 1st April, 1835, upon dividends exceeding six per cent per annum, be increased. While the inducement to excessive banking will be reasonably checked, by the increase of this tax, the finances of the State may be, to some extent, improved, and the public welfare promoted. The policy indicated will lead to the rigid execution of the law, prohibiting the circulation of foreign notes, under the denomination of five dollars, as soon as the balance of the relief issues is cancelled. This will be a positive advance in the improvement of the currency, which should be then followed by a law prohibiting the circulation of all notes, below the denomination of ten dollars. The channels of circulation will then be filled with an abundance of gold and silver, the public secured against the chances of loss by broken banks, and a depreciated currency; and the way will be opened to such further improvements, as the real interests and convenience of the people may demand.

"The cautionary enactments I have suggested, cannot fail to increase, rather than diminish, the amount of a sound circulating medium, fully entitled to the public confidence. The effect will be to bring the specie of the country into active circulation, to furnish the people with a substantial currency, that cannot be impaired by bank failures, and to restrain the tendency of the banks to foster extravagance, in time of prosperity, and check the means of oppression in time of adversity.

"A theory has been advanced and put into practice, in some of the States, called free banking. It is based, in part, upon specie, and in part upon State stocks, hypothecated

against moderate and safe customers —that the issues have at one period encouraged speculation by their excess, and at another oppressed honest industry by their contraction—in short, that the legitimate objects for which the privileges were granted, have not been by fair, faithful and judicious management accomplished, then the charter should be suffered to expire by its own limitation." I intended that the investigation should be rigid and thorough, and that the charters should not be renewed as a mere matter of course without examination, as has generally been the case heretofore. The time for the mysterious secrecy which has so long shrouded the transaction of banking institutions, has gone by. When they apply to the Legislature for a renewal of privileges they should come with clean hands, and ought to be required to give the most satisfactory evidence of the character of their discounts, and the nature and value of all their assets, and of their faithfulness in the execution of the trust confided to them. It is only by requiring such testimony, that a reliable opinion can be formed, as to their solvency, and their title to perfect confidence.

In regard to the bill immediately before me, as well as the others referred to, so far as I am informed, no such investigation has taken place, nor indeed any other, beyond the examination of their quarterly statements, and the representations of those immediately interested. These statements, it is well known, furnish little information which can be relied on, as satisfactory, in regard to the solvency of the institutions. It is only by a rigid inquiry into the character of the notes and bills discounted, and of all the assets, that any valuable and practical result can be attained.

In withholding my approbation from the bill under consideration, as well as the others to which I have referred, I do not mean to intimate the most remote suspicion in regard to their solvency or management. So far as I know, they are as sound as any other banks in the State, and may have been as well conducted. Indeed, some of them sustain as fair a reputation as any in the State, but the time has arrived when the public interests demand that no bank should be rechartered, without the most thorough scrutiny into its condition and management; and it was only on condition of such an investigation being first had, that I expressed a willingness to give my assent to the recharter of any bank. In creating, or renewing institutions, which are to furnish the circulating medium of the State, and which every man in business is compelled, from the habits and customs of the country, to receive as money, nothing should be taken for granted, or left in doubt, which is susceptible of satisfactory proof. By pursuing the course indicated, those institutions which are unsound will be detected and exposed, and the community may be protected against fraud and imposition, while those that are sound, and honestly conducted, will receive the confidence they merit.

As none of the charters of the institutions which are now before me for a renewal of their privileges, will expire before the 1st of May, 1849, I cannot perceive that they will suffer any material detriment, or that the public interests can be jeopardized by the postponement of their applications for another year. I am the more persuaded that this is the true course from the fact, that I am fully satisfied there are yet many valuable provisions which ought to be engrafted upon every bank charter in the State, in order to protect the interests of bona fide stockholders, and to secure the people from a recurrence of the evils which have heretofore resulted from the defects of the present system. Much has already been done. The principle of individual liability, which was for a long time pertinaciously resisted, as destructive of the whole system, has been established, and is now received with favor, not only by the

which violation of them, ought to be made pejury. The whole proceedings of the banks should at all times be open to the inspection of any reasonable number of the stockholders to a committee of the Legislature, and to any officer of the State duly authorized.

4th. A failure to redeem their notes on demand, in specie, ought, in itself, to be an absolute forfeiture of their charter, except as to winding up their concerns, and for any act done as a bank after such failure, the fact ought to be allowed to be given in evidence as a bar to and suit in relation to any banking operation, subsequent to such failure.

5th. After a lapse of a few years, they ought not to be permitted to issue paper of a denomination below ten dollars.

These are some of the most prominent provisions, which ought, in my opinion, to be engrafted on our banking system, and applied to every bank in the State; and I cannot perceive any time so favorable for their adoption, as when the banks are asking an extension of their charters.

No extreme measures towards the banks, that are calculated to disturb or derange the business habits of the community, are desirable, but the people have a right to expect from every public functionary, who has it in any degree in the correction of the evils of a system, which has heretofore been productive of so much mischief, his best exertions to prevent the recurrence of these evils.

Entertaining the views I have expressed, and the belief that no injury can be sustained by delay, I have come to the conclusion at present to withhold my assent to these bills. By the postponement, the banks will have time to prepare and exhibit satisfactory proof of their condition and management, which is not now before me, and some well digested amendments to the system, calculated still further to mitigate if not eradicate its defects, may be matured.

For these reasons, I have directed the bill to be returned without my approbation to the Senate in which it originated.

FRANCIS R. SHUNK.

EXECUTIVE CHAMBER, }
Harrisburg, April 7, 1848. }

☞ We often hear men complain that they are too poor to pay for a newspaper, and yet some of these gentlemen, chew 10 dollars worth of tobacco and drink refreshment to the amount of 20 dollars annually.

New Cure for Hydrophobia.—Hydrophobia is said to be cured in Germany by the cold water remedy.

SIGNS OF THE TIMES.—Lord Grey, speaking in the British House of Lords upon the London Riots, applied the term "fellow citizens," to the populace. Hitherto it has been "fellow subjects," or the "lower orders." His lordship has probably heard of the French revolution.

THE "ROAD TO RUIN"!—Besides the \$30 on every \$100, allowed by Congress as a bounty on our Iron, American rail way bars, because of their superior quality, command \$8 above the price of English, which gives our Iron men 15 per cent, further advantage.

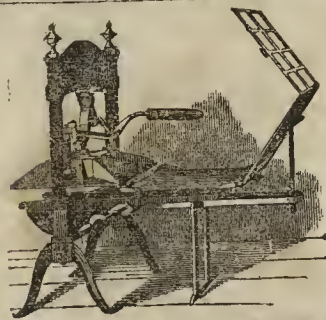
THE FRENCH REVOLUTION.—Immense meetings are being held in all the cities and large towns throughout the United States, congratulatory of the success of the Republican party in France.

☞ Tom Corwin is down east, among the blue-light Federalists, seeking grave digging to prepare "hospital graves" for the brave Americans who have gloriously defended the flag of freedom. A worthy agent, and a choice location for his business.

An awkward man in attempting to carve a goose, dropped it on the floor. "There now!" exclaimed his wife, "we have lost our dinner." Oh, no, my dear!" answered he, "it is safe, for I have my foot on it."

BERKS COUNTY PRESS.

Tuesday Morning, April 13, 1848.



Democratic Nominations.

FOR PRESIDENT,
James Buchanan, (of Penn'a.)
Subject to a nomination by the National Convention.

FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER,
Israel Painter,
Of Westmoreland County.
Senatorial Electors.
WILLIAM BIGGER, of Clearfield.
DAVID D. WAGNER, of Northampton.

DISTRICT ELECTORS.

- | | |
|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| 1 H. L. Benner, | 13 John C. King, |
| 2 Horn R. Knapp, | 14 John Weidman, |
| 3 Isaac Shank, | 15 Robert E. Fisher, |
| 4 A. L. Rounfort, | 16 Frederick Smith, |
| 5 Jacob S. Yost, | 17 John Creswell, |
| 6 Robert E. Wright, | 18 Charles A. Black, |
| 7 W. W. Downing, | 19 Geo. W. Bowman, |
| 8 Henry Haldeman, | 20 John R. Shannon, |
| 9 Peter Kline, | 21 Geo. P. Hamilton, |
| 10 B. S. Schoonover, | 22 Wm. H. Davis, |
| 11 William Sweetland, | 23 Timothy Ives, |
| 12 Jonah Brewster, | 24 James G. Campbell, |

APPOINTMENT BY THE PRESIDENT.

J. DE PUY DAVIS, of this city, now in Mexico, has lately been appointed Lieutenant in the army of the United States.

This is gratifying news to his friends in this city, and it could not have been more deservedly conferred than upon our young school-mate. When hostilities commenced he expressed an earnest desire to marshal himself under the flag of his country, and he did so, and we are fully satisfied that he will perform the duties of a soldier with honor and credit to himself and his country.

To THE READER—After an absence of one hundred days, in the discharge of our public duties, we have again taken possession of the editorial tripod, and we shall continue, as heretofore, in devoting our time and attention to the columns of the Press. We shall steadily and faithfully pursue the right, avoiding no responsibility in its advocacy, and willing to extend to all the merit of impartial praise where it is deserved and combat error and wrong wherever it may be found. This is the course we shall pursue in all our relations to the public. We return our thanks for the kind and perhaps undeserved support we have thus far received, and we shall endeavor to merit its continuance.

We have written to Harrisburg, by request, for an official copy of the new Mechanic's Lien law. It will be here in a few days. It was signed by the Governor a few days previous to the adjournment of the Legislature, and went into operation immediately.

Mr. Clay again in the Field.

Mr. Clay's last letter, avowing himself a candidate for the Presidency, has thrown the whig party all agog. Like a clap of thunder from a cloudless sky, it has produced the utmost consternation. The Taylor and Scott wings have become paralyzed, and they bluster and threaten to do something very bad! We are afraid the great whig party will vanish in all its gorgery beneath its crown of bubbles, which has assumed as many shapes and colours as Janus of old.

TOWN MEETING.

A general meeting of the citizens of Reading, called by the Mayor of the city, was held at the Court House, on Friday evening, April 14th, 1848, to make arrangements for the reception and re-interment of the remains of Lieut. William Wunder.

On motion, Gen. WM. H. KEIM, Mayor, was appointed President; J. GLANCY JONES, and Col. J. C. MYERS, Vice Presidents; Joel Ritter and J. Lawrence Getz, Secretaries.

The call of the meeting was read, when on motion of Dr. Jno. G. Marshall, it was

Resolved, That a committee of 21 be appointed by the President of the meeting, to act in conjunction with similar committees already appointed by several societies, to receive the corpse of Lieut. Wunder upon its arrival in the city, and make all necessary arrangements for the funeral solemnities to be observed in honor of his memory.

On motion *Resolved*, That the President of this meeting act as chairman of that committee.

The following is the committee appointed, viz:—Dr. J. G. Marshall, John Banks, John S. Richards, J. Bowman Bell, Richard Boone, James Holmes, Benjamin M. Hoag, James A. Grant, Lewis Kirk, William Allgaier, James Donagan, George M. Keim, H. H. Muhlenberg, Andrew M. Sallade, Charles H. Hunter, H. A. M. Filbert, John Sticker, Charles Kessler, Henry Rinehart, Henry Schaefer, and William Diehl.

The meeting was briefly addressed by Col. J. C. Myers, and John S. Richards, Esq., who made appropriate allusion to the virtues of the deceased soldier, and the propriety of his fellow citizens paying the customary honors to his remains, about to be brought home for re-interment.

On motion *Resolved*, That the proceedings of this meeting be published in the newspapers of the city.

On motion adjourned.

(Signed by the officers.)

Fire.—The alarm of fire rang through our streets on Saturday night about 11 o'clock, a small frame house, in the rear of North 5th street, occupied by a negro family, being on fire, which was entirely consumed.

We have had several fires in our city within a very short space of time. We are happy to state that the fire department is completely organized and engines in fine condition.

The Common School Law.

The provisions of the Common School Law, were made absolute throughout the Commonwealth at the last session of the Legislature, with a reservation for the new districts of 25 per cent from the State tax for the next two years. Twenty-five dollars for every hundred collected is a very fine sum for the new districts.

The Coon on his Back.

New York City Nobly Redeemed!

The last election for Mayor of the city of New York resulted in the election of William F. Havemeyer, Democrat, by a majority of 1433 votes over Bradley, Fed. This is a glorious victory.

SANTA ANNA.—This unfortunate chief, at the last accounts, was preparing to leave Mexico. Gen. Scott is daily expected at Vera Cruz.

One of the large arches in the new prison fell down the other day and came near crushing our friend George Lerch, who was preparing to plaster it at the time. This is the second arch that caved in. Look out!

We copy the following notice of the death of the lamented WUNDER, from the Pennsylvania. Warm-hearted, brave and generous, his memory will be cherished with affection until time shall be no more.

A PENNSYLVANIA VOLUNTEER.

The remains of WILLIAM WUNDER, 1st Lieutenant of the Reading Artillerists, attached to the 2d Regiment Pennsylvania Volunteers, arrived at New Orleans on the 25th ult., in charge of C. F. Jackson, en route to Reading.

It will be remembered that the Reading Artillerists, of which Lieut. Wunder was a most active and

Chapultepec—were within range of an easy vision.

This point attained, his strength seemed rapidly to decline, as if the object that kept him alive had no more inducements of sufficient interest to animate his exhausted frame. He who had encountered death in a thousand shapes by flood and field, and grappled with the tyrant, throat to throat, at Vera Cruz and Cerro Gordo, or with the sharp weapon of the lancer, the escopet of the Rauchero, or the knife of the Guerrilla, that constantly beset his pathway, was now the prostrate victim of a summer's sky. How true it is that many escape the very jaws of death, and brave the utmost dangers with impunity, whilst perhaps when least awaited, the shaft is sped in the hazy fragrance of the morning breeze, or revels amid the tiny atoms that float upon a sunbeam. We can imagine from the description given us, how magnificent must have been the scenery around him. As he gazed from his latticed window, the bright and beautiful rays of the sun shone upon the numerous spires of the city, and reflected golden beams from the massive emblems of Christianity which surmounted their summits. It seemed, indeed, as if creation came nearer to those fancies of romantic story, than heretofore were ever realized, and that the imagination, in its wildest mood, could not have portrayed a fairy land half so beautiful as that which presented itself before him. Trees of constant verdure and flowers of perpetual bloom, interspersed the picturesque scenery, and in the reach of the horizon, peered in towering grandeur a mountain peak whose top was veiled in clouds and clothed with eternal snow. In the distance, too, Chapultepec, at once the strong hold and the forlorn hope of the enemy, seemed like the sleepless dragon with its hundred voices, guarding the golden fruit that glittered in the garden of paradise beneath it. Such was the view that broke upon our soldiers in the valley of Mexico; but alas, poor Wunder did not enjoy the scene; his sufferings were soon to close. Within an humble cottage at Misocac, upon a soldier's pallet of straw, reposed the wasted form of the Reading Volunteer, almost exhausted, and gasping with renewed effort as if to catch a breath from the passing zephyr, that gently wafted its soft gushes through his narrow chamber. Mark the wild glances of his piercing eye, looking with intent desire to recognize some human countenance with whom he might hold, for a few moments, a last communion. Is there none to succour—none to moisten the parched lips—to dry the clammy brow—to lull the throbbing anguish of disease—none to breathe a word of consolation, and smooth the pillow of the dying soldier?

Oh, it is a lamentable picture to portray death's visitation, even when he comes to us amidst the comforts of home and the condolence of nearest and dearest friends; but how much more difficult it is to endure, where the shining mark is singled out in a far distant land, without the privilege of a father's blessing or a mother's prayer.

On the 12th of September last, our troops attacked Chapultepec; the Reading Artillerists were in that battle, and on the 13th it was carried by storm. It is related of the Pennsylvanians, that in order to reach the top of the battlements, they were seen to climb on each others shoulders, rather than await the tardy process of scaling ladders. The tumult of that battle, the sound of cannons, and the clash of arms, were heard by the sick and wounded at Misocac, and by none with greater anxiety than by Lieut. Wunder. On the afternoon of the 13th, at 3 o'clock, amid the shouts and hurrahs of the invalids near his room, announcing that our arms had triumphed, Lieut. Wunder yielded up that glorious spirit with which he was blessed, and died a true patriot, in the midst of victory and the fullness of honor. On the 15th of September, he was buried by the company, in a small enclosure belonging to the British Consulate in the city of Mexico, from whence his remains have been brought back, to be deposited in the usual burial ground of the family at Reading. His memory, and that of his brave comrades, will outlive ours. It is already inscribed in history that he was of that column of the American army which marched from Vera Cruz to Mexico.

We challenge past ages to present a parallel with the achievements of all our battles in the war with Mexico, and whilst we have designated this incident as the death of a hero, we have designated this incident as the death of a hero.

PROCEEDINGS OF COUNCILS.

SELECT COUNCIL CHAMBER,

April 7, 1848.

Council met—present all the members. The journal of last meeting was read and approved.

The communication from the Mayor, and of last meeting, on the subject of small pox, was laid over to next meeting.

An ordinance from Common Council, that a committee, one from Select and two from Common Council, be appointed yearly, on Finance, Accounts, Fire Departments, Highway, Printing, Policies, and on Tax, whose duties are to be examined into the different state of affairs—also, to report accordingly to meetings of councils, was, on motion of Mr. Nagle, laid over till next meeting.

An ordinance from Common Council, for the rental of the stalls in the western and eastern Market Houses, and regulation of the same, was concurred in, after amending that the eastern Market House be occupied by butchers, and the stalls in the western Market House not to be less than five dollars, instead of six, and outside benches not less than two dollars and fifty cents, instead of three dollars.

Resolved That the Presidents of Councils, appoint the standing committees on tax, roads, finance, fire companies and printing, to consist of one from Select and two from Common Council. Passed unanimously, and approved by Common Council.

The President appointed on the part of Select Council on tax, Mr. Cummins, on the companies Mr. Darrah, on roads Mr. Allgaier, on finance and printing Mr. Boone.

Resolution from Common Council, appropriating \$500 to the Reading Hose Company, to purchase hose carriage, and providing \$250 payable on the 1st of October next, was laid over to next meeting.

Resolution instructing the committee on fire department, to report the different necessary appropriations of the fire companies, was passed unanimously, and concurred in by Common Council.

Resolution from Common Council, changing the name of Assistant into Street Commissioner.

Mr. Nagle presented a bill from James Donagan, Esq., late Solicitor, claiming extra services, which was laid over to next meeting.

Mr. Nagle presented a petition numerously signed by citizens of the city, asking for the grading and graveling of Spring Garden and Muhlenburg streets, laid over to next meeting.

On motion adjourned to meet on Friday evening next.

Attest—J. L. RIGHTMYER, Clerk S. C.

COMMON COUNCIL CHAMBER,

April 7, 1848

Council met—present all the members except Mr. Spang.

The clerk being absent, Mr. Boyer was appointed clerk pro tem.

The minutes of last meeting were read & approved.

Petitions were presented as follows:

One by Mr. Beard, for repairing Rose alley, north of Walnut street, between 3d and 4th sts.

One by Mr. Miller, asking for an appropriation for the purpose of purchasing a new engine for the Junior company.

A communication from the Mayor was received and read, relative to an increase of the police force of the city and urging the necessity thereof.

An ordinance was presented, read and finally passed, relative to regulations in market houses.

A resolution from Select Council, instructing the fire committee to report the necessary appropriations to the fire department. Also, a resolution from Select Council, instructing the committee on the fire departments, to appropriate an amount sufficient for building a house and purchase a horse carriage for Friendship fire engine, laid over.

Resolution from Select Council was received, relative to the appointment of the standing committees, and concurred in.

An ordinance, providing for joint standing committees of councils, on the following subject, viz:—Accounts, Finance, Fire Department, Highways, Printing, Police and Tax, was passed and sent to Select Council for concurrence.

The committee appointed to wait on Mr. Donagan, made report in part, which was accepted and the committee continued.

Proposal were handed in by William Eckfeldt, of Philadelphia, for furnishing hose for the different fire companies of this city, laid over.

The President appointed the following standing committees, viz:

On Tax, Spang and Young,—Finance, Beard and Habs,—Fire Companies, Boyer and Miller.—Roads, Frees and Miller.—Printing, Frees and Malsberger.

On motion, adjourned to meet on Friday next.

Attest, J. H. BOYER, Clerk S. C. pro tem.

SELECT COUNCIL CHAMBER,

Reading, April 14, 1848.

Council met—present, Messrs. Allgaier, Boone, Darrah.

On motion of Mr. Darrah, Mr. Boone was appointed President pro tem. The journal of last meeting was read and approved.

Mr. Nagle appeared and took his seat.

Washington from 3d to Canal street, or the river.

The ordinance passed at last meeting was returned by Select Council amended and passed, which amendments were considered and concurred in.

A resolution was offered as follows:

Resolved, That an appropriation of \$1400 be made for the purpose of purchasing a new Engine for the Junior Fire Company; \$700 to be paid August 1st of August next, and the balance thereof on the 1st of Oct. next, was amended by inserting \$1000 instead of \$1400, which amendment was lost—yeas 4, nays 5, viz:

Yeas—Messrs. Frees, Malsberger, Young and Briner, Pres't.

Nays—Messrs. Boyer, Beard Goodman, Habs and Miller.

On the passage of the original resolution, the vote stood as follows:

Yeas—Messrs. Boyer, Beard, Habs, Miller and Briner, 5.

Nays—Messrs. Frees, Goodman, Malsberger and Young, 4.

Sent to Select Council, and afterwards returned amended, by striking out \$1400 and inserting \$1200, which amendment was concurred in. It was

Resolved, That a committee of three, two from Common and one from Select in relation to the suit against Ruyer's administrators, when Messrs. Beard and Miller were appointed by the President, and the resolution was returned by Select Council concurred in, and naming Mr. Boone as committee from that council.

The Solicitor was requested to draw an ordinance to prevent the collection of persons at the corners of streets, &c. &c.

On motion, adjourned to meet again on Friday next.

Attest—JOHN W. TYSON, Clerk.

From the Democratic Union.

REMARKS OF MR. MYERS,

OF BERKS COUNTY,

Delivered in the House of Representatives, on the 6th of April, 1848, on the proposition to authorize the State Treasurer to borrow five hundred thousand dollars, to be applied to the redemption of the relief notes.

Mr. MYERS said that he had been induced to offer this proposition, for the redemption of the relief issues now in circulation, for various reasons, some of which he would attempt to explain to the House. He felt it his duty as a member, and as chairman of the Committee of Ways and Means, to suggest some plan for the speedy and final redemption of the vile trash now in circulation, under the authority of the act of May 4th, 1841, which had become a "crying evil" and a stink in the nostrils of the people. After careful consideration, which the importance of the subject demanded, he had come to the conclusion that these notes must be redeemed, in the manner he had suggested. He was certain that no other proposition would succeed, and if gentlemen really felt a desire to effect this object and that permanently, they could attain it by the plan suggested.

I am one of those, Mr. Speaker, who doubt the right of the State to make this issue. In this opinion, I am sustained by the opinions of the ablest men in our State, and not only them, is JOHN BANKS, a gentleman of enlarged views and sound ideas, who has most strenuously and justly denounced this issue in his late annual report. Sir, I believe that the fundamental law of the land prohibited their creation—that they were issued in defiance of the constitution of the Union, which prohibits any state from issuing paper or coinage money; they are most clearly "bills of credit," issued by virtue of an Act of Assembly, and as such in direct contravention of the letter and spirit of that sacred instrument. Who, let me ask authorized the Legislature of Pennsylvania, to convert the Treasury of the State, into an office for the issue of paper money, using the constitution as a pretext?

value and import could be with difficulty deciphered. It would take a telescope of superior power to penetrate the grease and other offensive substances which had found congenial fellowship with the object which gave them existence, and besides, they were so badly torn and tattered, that great loss ensued to the people from the fact, that they can no longer be used as a circulating medium. The people it is evident, have suffered much from this cause alone, and for this reason, if from no other, we should most fully relieve them from further distress.

It would be a greater relief to all, a much greater relief than when they were originally put in circulation were they now redeemed and destroyed.—We should clear the skirts of the State from this odious disgrace, for they have flourished long, too long for the public good, and to attain this object, most devoutly to be wished for, we must suffer a reasonable sacrifice. The banks, I have assurances from responsible sources, will comply with the request, and I trust that every effort will be made to relieve the public from this miserable stuff.

CANAL COMMISSIONER.

The following letter from ISRAEL PAINTER, Esq., of Westmoreland county, signifies his acceptance of the nomination for Canal Commissioner tendered him by the late Democratic Convention:

MOUNT PLEASANT, March 22, 1848.

Gentlemen: I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter informing me of my nomination by the Democratic State Convention as the candidate of the Democracy of the Commonwealth for Canal Commissioner.

While I am fully sensible that the Convention might have selected a more competent nominee, I frankly accept this nomination. It is a position of high honor, and if the choice of the Convention shall be approved by the people, I trust their expectations will not be wholly disappointed.

The coming political campaign will present a most interesting question, in which all minor ones are in danger of being absorbed. Certainly two, and perhaps three distinguished names will be before the people of the Union in connexion with the Presidency. I hope to see the Republican party firm and united upon principle alone, in this momentous canvass. Whatever there may be about any one of the candidates to awaken admiration for eminent and brilliant services, I hope we shall not permit our hearts to run away with our heads, when vital principles are at stake, and the destinies of our beloved country are concerned.

The financial difficulties of our State are fast diminishing, and we are not without hope that at no very distant day, the people will be relieved in a great measure from their present burden of State taxation, and that our public works, prudently managed will be greatly instrumental in producing a result so much to be desired.

For the flattering terms in which you address me please accept my thanks, and be assured Gentlemen, I remain

Respectfully and cordially,

Your friend and fellow-citizen,

ISRAEL PAINTER.

To Col. Wm. H. Hutter, Col. S. C. Stambaugh, C. Carmony, A. S. McKinney, John L. Dawson.

Enthusiasm of the People in Germany—Scene at the Theatre.

At Frankfort on the Main, when the news reached there of the flight of Metternich and the promise of the Emperor to fuse the Empire into one State, and to give the people a Constitution, men rushed about the streets shouting, "Austria is free," "Metternich is dismissed."

Half the town turned out in the national colors of Germany (purple, crimson and gold)

thanks for the kind and perhaps undeserved support we have thus far received, and we shall endeavor to merit its continuance.

We have written to Harrisburg, by request, for an official copy of the new Mechanic's Lien law. It will be here in a few days. It was signed by the Governor a few days previous to the adjournment of the Legislature, and went into operation immediately.

Mr. Clay again in the Field.

Mr. Clay's last letter, avowing himself a candidate for the Presidency, has thrown the whig party all agog. Like a clap of thunder from a cloudless sky, it has produced the utmost consternation. The Taylor and Scott wings have become paralyzed, and they bluster and threaten to do something very bad! We are afraid the great whig party will vanish in all its gorgery beneath its crown of hubbles, which has assumed as many shapes and colours as Janus of old. Were we a whig, (which God forbid!) we should instantly come down upon him in mighty force, with the two-thirds rule! That's the thing to kill him off, or by Jove, you're gone suckers. In the mean time we invite all honest whigs to leave "the foul party" and join the Democracy of numbers. We promise them that their rights shall be respected and equal privileges extended to them.

ACCIDENT ON THE RAIL ROAD.—We are deeply pained to record the afflicting death of an estimable young man, a resident of this city, who was killed on the road above Port Clinton, on Friday last, by his head coming in contact with a bridge. He survived his injuries but a few hours, and his death is lamented by a large circle of friends, to whom he was endeared by his good conduct and promising hopes of a long and useful life. He was cut off in the spring-time of life, being only 18 years of age. Truly may we say, that "In the midst of Life we are in Death." His remains were followed to the grave on Sunday morning last by a long concourse of relatives and friends, and a very impressive funeral discourse delivered by the Rev. Dr. MILLER, of the Lutheran Church.

THE BANK VETO.—We invite the special and careful attention of the reader, be he whig or democrat, to the Bank Veto of Gov. Shunk, on our first page. It is a document of great ability, every sentiment of which is purely democratic, and such as will receive the cordial approbation of every democrat. It must be apparent to all, for all have felt its ruinous effects, that the banking system is the great foe to our Republican institutions with which we have yet to struggle, and although its power, wealth and influence have thus far succeeded in enabling it to trample down the rights and swallow up the substance of the people, yet a day of reform, of justice and of equality is rapidly dawning upon us. Their power and influence is rapidly passing away before the light of increasing intelligence. This truth is unpalatable to the whigs and they tremble at its power. The whig party has most bitterly and vehemently opposed all and every restriction upon the system from beginning to end, and they always found a sufficient number of so-called democrats, to act with them in voting down these guards and restrictions, and were it not for Gov. SHUNK to interpose for the people, we would now have hundreds of rotten banks forced upon us at every session of the legislature. By referring to the Journals, the whig vote stands recorded against individual liability and all other wholesome restrictions, and to their shame be it said, a sufficient number of democrats are found in their ranks to enable them to carry their point. This is morally and politically wrong, for it is a crime, and acknowledged as such by all honorable men, to misrepresent and deceive the people, and more especially upon a subject so vital as bank reform. We again recommend the message to the reader, and at some future day we shall recur to the subject more at length.

Notice to new Justices.

The commissions for the newly elected Justices of the Peace, have been received, and are deposited in the office of Mr. Tyson, the Recorder.

Scott is daily expected at Vera Cruz.

One of the large arches in the new prison fell down the other day and came near crushing our friend George Lerch, who was preparing to plaster it at the time. This is the second arch that caved in. Look out!

We copy the following notice of the death of the lamented WUNDER, from the Pennsylvaniaian. Warm-hearted, brave and generous, his memory will be cherished with affection until time shall be no more.

A PENNSYLVANIA VOLUNTEER.

The remains of WILLIAM WUNDER, 1st Lieutenant of the Reading Artillerists, attached to the 2d Regiment Pennsylvania Volunteers, arrived at New Orleans on the 25th ult., in charge of C. F. Jackson, en route to Reading.

It will be remembered that the Reading Artillerists, of which Lieut. Wunder was a most active and efficient officer, is the same corps—although under a different organization—that served at Camp Dupont in the late war with Great Britain. Such was the ardour of this corps to join the army in the field, that they left their splendid park of artillery at home and joined the 2d Regiment as Infantry. How efficiently, and how well they have conducted themselves, is a matter of history. On the 26th of December, 1846, they left Reading with a muster roll of ninety-six men, and when officially heard from, after the battles of Chapultepec and Molina del Rey, on the 15th of September, 1847, the day after our troops took possession of the City of Mexico, but fourteen men were reported fit for duty. Lieut. Wunder a brave and patriotic officer, was one of the master spirits of this martyr band of citizen soldiers. It was his peculiar privilege to have braved all the battles up to the city, excepting the three days immediately preceding its conquest; although entitled to have been upon the sick list, after the bombardment of Vera Cruz, from the enthusiasm of the corps at the landing, he being among the first to jump into the sea, in order first to reach the shore, and from the unavoidable exposure on that occasion of our volunteers who bivouacked two weeks upon the arid sands of that sickly region without tent or covering; yet he never for an instant relinquished his duty. Wherever service was the most severe, the deceased claimed it as a special privilege; and it may be said that no matter what was the impending danger, it never intimidated him or discomposed the suavity of his manner or the pleasantness which was so agreeable to all with whom he was intimate. On the march toward the Capitol, the general attack at Cerro Gordo took place on the 18th of April 1847. Whilst at breakfast, in the officers mess, there seemed to be rather a disinclination to partake of the hasty fare of that portentous morning. "Come," said he, "there is work to be done to-day, and nobody can work without eating; besides, this may be our last breakfast, let's take a hearty one." In a short time the breakfast vanished, and the cannon began to roar. Every body has heard of the galling fire to which our Pennsylvanians were subjected in that battle, and as volley followed volley, our gallant regiment constantly cheering and crowing, gave irresistible evidence that they were game and ready for the contest. It was at this particular moment that Lieut. Wunder, unable to repress his desire to be in the midst of the fray, exclaimed, as the batteries were booming in quick succession, "Only listen to the music,—where's our General,—why don't we go at it?"—At this spot fell the gallant Roland and Scheetz, two of the Artillerists. On the 22d of April it was first apparent that Lieut. Wunder was seriously indisposed, and though advised to return to his home, as well by the medical faculty as by his fellow-soldiers, he invariably declined doing so, and constantly insisted that he never would do so, until he saw the American flag wave in triumph over the Hall of the Montezumas. Buoyed onward by this determined resolution, although enfeebled and gaunt in the struggle with disease, yet like the devoted pilgrims in olden time, who preferred death rather than return without a sight of the Holy Sepulchre, our friend was able to reach the village of Miscoac, about five miles from Mexico, which latter place—and also

the sound of cannons, and the clash of arms, were heard by the sick and wounded at Miscoac, and by none with greater anxiety than by Lieut. Wunder. On the afternoon of the 13th, at 3 o'clock, amid the shouts and hurrahs of the invalids near his room, announcing that our arms had triumphed, Lieut. Wunder yielded up that glorious spirit with which he was blessed, and died a true patriot, in the midst of victory and the fullness of honor. On the 15th of September, he was buried by the company, in a small enclosure belonging to the British Consulate in the city of Mexico, from whence his remains have been brought back, to be deposited in the usual burial ground of the family at Reading. His memory, and that of his brave comrades, will outlive ours. It is already inscribed in history that he was of that column of the American army which marched from Vera Cruz to Mexico.

We challenge past ages to present a parallel with the achievements of all our battles in the war with Mexico; and whilst we have designated this incident of that campaign, and have paid a feeble tribute to a gallant soldier, united as he was with our early affection, and linked with us in the warmest association of former years, we cannot withhold our approbation and gratitude, to all of every arm of service who have contributed, like Wunder, to the success of our cause, and to the immortal honor of our beloved country.

Meeting of the Artillerists.

Agreeably to notice, a number of the members of the Reading Artillerists met at the public house of Herman Beard, in the city of Reading, on Saturday evening last, for the purpose of temporarily organizing the Company, to escort the remains of Lieut. William Wunder, to their final resting place. Lieut. L. P. Knerr was called to the chair, and J. H. Hain, appointed Sec'y, when on motion LEVI P. KNERR was appointed Captain.

Lieut. H. A. M. FILBERT, 1st Lieutenant. Sergt. WILLIAM DIEHL, 3rd Lieutenant.

After making the other necessary arrangements for the occasion, the meeting adjourned.

The Methodist Episcopal Conference, which was in session week before last at Easton, Md. has made the following appointments for the Churches under its jurisdiction in the Reading District:

J. H. McFarland, Presiding Elder, Reading, First and Second Church—G. Oram, J. Y. Ashton; Pottsville, 1st Church—J. B. Hagarty; Port Carbon—G. D. Bowen, J. Niell, sup.; Schuylkill Valley—To be supplied; Tamagna—H. B. Manger; Port Clinton and Schuylkill Haven—J. E. Meredith; Pottsville, 2d Church—T. A. Fernley; Minersville—J. H. Wytles; Tremont—A. Freed; Mauch Chunk—N. Heston; Parrysville—To be supplied; Easton and South Easton—Joseph Mason, W. W. McMichael, sup.; one to be supplied, Allentown and Bethlehem—J. H. Turner; one to be supplied; Richinoad—Peter J. Cox; Stroudsburg—J. W. McCaskey; Stoddardsville—Wm. Walton; Harrisburg—William Cooper; Dauphin—George R. Crooks, S. Patterson; Lebanon—T. S. Johnson; Halifax—V. Gray; Pottstown—J. C. Thomas, J. A. Watson; Bristol—C. D. Carrow, L. K. Berridge; Atleborough—George Quigly, J. Hand; Norristown—T. C. Murphy; Bethel and Evansburg, D. R. Thomas.

Kutztown Election.—The following borough officers were elected for the ensuing year, at the charter election, held at Kutztown, on Friday the 7th inst:

Chief Burgess.—Daniel Bieber. Asst. Burgess.—David Fister. Town Council.—Henry Henninger, Chas. Kutz, Jonathan S. Grim, Jacob Dieter, John Schuelder, David Levan, Gideon Levan. Supervisor.—Solomon Kutz. School Directors.—Peter M. Gift, John Esser. High Constable.—J. Nicholas Meyer.

accounts, Finance, Fire Department, Highways, Printing, Police and Tax, was passed and sent to Select Council for concurrence.

The committee appointed to wait on Mr. Donagan, made report in part, which was accepted and the committee continued.

Proposals were handed in by William Eckfeldt, of Philadelphia, for furnishing hose for the different fire companies of this city, laid over.

The President appointed the following standing committees, viz:

On Tax, Spang and Young.—Finance, Beard and Habs.—Fire Companies, Boyer and Miller.—Roads, Frees and Miller.—Printing, Frees and Malsberger.

On motion, adjourned to meet on Friday next. Attest, J. H. BOYER, Clerk C. C. pro tem.

SELECT COUNCIL CHAMBER, Reading, April 14, 1848.

Council met:—present, Messrs. Allgaier, Boone, Darrah.

On motion of Mr. Darrah, Mr. Boone was appointed President pro tem. The journal of last meeting was read and approved.

Mr. Nagle appeared and took his seat. Ordinance of last meeting for the appointment of committees, annually, was unanimously concurred in after amending the same.

Resolution of last meeting, appropriating \$500 to the Reading Hose Company, was amended by striking out \$500, and inserting \$350, which amendment was agreed to as follows:

Yeas.—Messrs. Allgaier, Boone and Cunnius.—Nays, Messrs. Darrah and Nagle.

Amendment not being agreed to by Common Council, Mr. Darrah offered an amendment striking out \$350 and inserting \$500, which amendment was lost as follows:—

Yeas.—Messrs. Boone and Darrah.—Nays, Messrs. Allgaier, Cunnius and Nagle, Pres't.

Resolution from Common Council appropriating \$1400 to the Junior Fire Company, Mr. Darrah moved to strike out \$1400 and insert \$1200, which motion was seconded, and concurred in as follows:

Yeas.—Messrs. Allgaier, Boone and Darrah.—Nays, Messrs. Cunnius, Nagle, Pres't.

Resolution from Common Council appointing a committee to inquire into the particulars of the suit of Keim's assignee vs. Royer's administrator, was unanimously concurred in, and Mr. Boone appointed on the part of Select Council.

The bill of James Donagan, Esq., late Solicitor, for extra services, was rejected.

An ordinance relating to obstructions upon pavements and foot-ways, was on motion of Mr. Nagle, laid over to next meeting.

Mr. Darrah, from the committee on fire Department, made a report of the different fire companies as follows:—\$1200 for new engine for Junior Fire Company; \$500 for Reading Hose Company; \$150 for Never-sink; \$350 for Friendship.

The President appointed Mr. Boone committee on accounts, and Mr. Cunnius on police.

The petition for grading and graveling Muhlenberg street, &c., was referred to committee on roads; a bill of Mr. Harper for stationery, was referred to committee on accounts.

The communication on the subject of small pox was laid over.

On motion, adjourned to meet on Friday evening next, the 21st inst.

Attest,—J. L. RIGHTMYER, Clk. S. C.

COMMON COUNCIL CHAMBER, Reading, April 14, 1848.

Council met,—present, Messrs. Beard, Boyer, Frees, Goodman, Habs, Malsberger, Miller, Young and Briner, Pres't.

Minutes of last meeting read and approved. Petitions were presented as follows, viz:—One for an ordinance to compel the curbing and paving of North 4th street, between Penn and Washington streets; one for the improvement and repairing of N. Water street, from Washington st. to Rees' mill; one for the completion of the culvert in 2d street and Liberty Alley, and also for the grading of

felt a desire to effect this object and that permanently, they could attain it by the plan suggested.

I am one of those, Mr. Speaker, who doubt the right of the State to make this issue. In this opinion, I am sustained by the opinions of the ablest men in our State, and among them, is JOHN BANKS, a gentleman of enlarged views and sound ideas, who has most strenuously and justly denounced this issue in his late annual report. Sir, I believe that the fundamental law of the land prohibited their creation—that they were issued in defiance of the constitution of the Union, which prohibits any state from issuing paper or coining money; they are most clearly "bills of credit," issued by virtue of an Act of Assembly, and as such in direct contravention of the letter and spirit of that sacred instrument. Who, let me ask authorized the Legislature of Pennsylvania, to convert the Treasury of the State, into an office for the issue of paper money, using as a *casu-pau* to evade the constitution, the miserable banks of the Commonwealth, to effect this object? Sir, an evasion of the constitution, should never be sanctioned, much less an open and daring infringement of its provisions, and neither did he believe, that the necessity of the case as it was said to have existed when this law was passed, justified the act by which the people of the Commonwealth were flooded with this abominable trash. When this constitutional objection was urged at the time, necessity was the argument used to justify this invasion of organic law, and it is well known that they have made the most of the fictitious necessity which was so artfully invented by the rag barons of that day. I am certain sir, that the bank suspension of specie payments in 1837, four years before the passage of this act, although it shook the business prosperity of the State to the centre, did not produce this necessity, for there was money enough in circulation without the addition of this extraordinary emission of State paper, it was on the contrary, the production of a wild scheme of policy by which men hoped to supply a deficiency which never existed, and if it did exist, entirely failed to remove.

It may be said that this is an expensive mode of getting rid of this currency, but if we intend making an effectual effort for its extinguishment, this cannot be avoided. By adopting the plan passed in the Senate, of re-issuing them at a cost of one and a half per cent. we do not at all abate the evil complained of, but continue it in fact and in law, and we endure the violation of the Constitution, which was perpetrated in 1841, besides being exposed to all the frauds which were then committed. Gentlemen can examine the archives of the Treasury department for a practical demonstration of the danger we incur by this measure. In one corner of the vault I have found twenty-eight thousand of an over-issue, and I have no doubt much more exists, which may never come to light, which has all been saddled upon the State, and added to our present enormous debt. This is one of the few evils to which we are exposed if the Senate bill is adopted. The amount now in circulation is said to be eight hundred thousand dollars, which would have to be paid in full to the banks who issued them, as it appears on their books, notwithstanding thousands of the issue may have been destroyed and lost by fires, casualties on the lakes and other places where accidents occur, by which such perishable material as bank paper may be destroyed.

The evil as it existed, said Mr. M., was one of no ordinary magnitude. It was succeeded by all that the nuisance, (for such it might be called with propriety,) extended from one end of the Commonwealth to the other, and its further continuance was intolerable. It was pestiferous and beyond endurance. Thousands of dollars were now in circulation, so filthy and defaced that their

public works, prudently managed would be greatly instrumental in producing a result so much to be desired.

For the flattering terms in which you address me please accept my thanks, and be assured Gentlemen, I remain

Respectfully and cordially,
Your friend and fellow-citizen,
ISRAEL PAINTER.
To Col. Wm. H. Hutter, Col. S. C. Staumbaugh, C. Carmony, A. S. McKinney, John L. Dawson.

Enthusiasm of the People in Germany—Scene at the Theatre.

At Frankfurt on the Main, when the news reached there of the flight of Metternich and the promise of the Emperor to fuse the Empire into one State, and to give the people a Constitution, men rushed about the streets shouting, "Austria is free," "Metternich is dismissed."

Half the town turned out in the national colors of Germany (purple, crimson and gold) they marched with the troops on changing guard, and the band played national airs, including "God save the Emperor," which was heartily cheered. But the great demonstration was reserved for the Opera, where *Masaniello* was announced. I have been at Drury Lane on a command night, and during the Jenny Lind *furor* have seen and felt the Opera crush, but I never witnessed a more extraordinary sight than the Frankfurt Theatre last night presented. The pit had burst all bounds, and overflowed the lobbies, orchestra, and all places adjoining; the boxes and stalls were crammed to excess, and the national colors were every where visible. Some fair enthusiasts had worked them into rosettes for the hair, by others they were worn as *berthes* or knots in the dress, others again carried scarfs or kerchiefs; the men wore them as cravats or bows on their coats, and the three bright colors were, in one shape or other, attached to the person of every one present. The opera was fairly performed, and the audience pretty tranquil until in the third act of the Neapolitan fisherman rose and Masaniello stabbed the officer. Then came a tumult, of which words can give you little idea; the house rose, and with one voice demanded the "Marseillaise." The singers were evidently prepared for some demonstration, and after retiring a few moments, returned bearing several national banners. The "Marseillaise" was sung in good style, the audience joining in the chorus, and an *impromptu* verse, referring to the glorious of the Viennese patriots, was received with thunders of applause; it was encored again and again, long after the music had ceased the house resounded with the cheers of the men, who were encouraged in their shouts by the waving kerchief of their fair companions. The German ladies are, in truth, more enthusiastic in the cause of freedom than their better halves. At Hanau, after the Elector granted their demands, a most impressive scene occurred—the whole populace, men, women and children, soldiers and buglers, civic guard and ploughmen, walked hand-in-hand in procession to the market-place, where a rude pulpit was erected. A pastor addressed them, urging peace and good-will after which, with one accord, this mighty mass knelt, and returned thanks to God for having spared them the miseries of a civil war; they then sang a hymn and returned home. In most of the States where danger of collision has been imminent the people have pursued the same course, indicating thereby the goodness of their cause and their disinclination to spill one drop of blood.

Samuel R. Hamilton, Esq., was elected Mayor of Trenton, N. J., on the 11th. This is the first time the Democrats have succeeded in electing the Mayor since the charter of the city.

Philip Hamilton, Democrat, has been elected President of Williamsburg.

Lamartine's Coolness.

On the Monday following the flight of Louis Phillippe, a grand council was held of all the revolutionary leaders assembled to dictate terms *a huis closto* the Provisional Government. The wise and calm demeanor of Lamartine seems to have irritated in no small degree the boiling, passionate nature of Lagrange, whose excitement was so fierce and terrible that several of the members of the assembly prepared to withdraw in alarm. Lamartine alone blanched not, and the sang froid and self-possession displayed in his replies only served to increase the savage anger of his opponent the more. At length exasperated beyond control, the infuriated republican drawing a pistol from his pocket, rushing towards Lamartine, exclaiming, "Thou art no true patriot!"—pointed the weapon at the head of the minister—"What hinders me from taking thy life now—at once—upon the instant!" shrieked he, with redoubled fury, the calm glance of Lamartine met his eye. "Your own conscience," only replied the minister, "and the utter uselessness of such an outrage; for should I fall, there will still remain my colleagues, who, all to a man, have resolved to die rather than to submit to violence, or to return to the senseless anarchy of '93!" The words had the effect of calming for an instant the fury of Lagrange—he dropped the weapon which he held, and, turning pale as death, while his eye quailed before the steady gaze of Lamartine, he uttered between his teeth, "Thou art not a true republican, nor a patriot; but I verily believe thou art an honest man!" and then sank again upon his seat at the council board, trembling in every limb, and apparently exhausted with the effort of passion to which he had given way. It was then that his neighbor, L. Causidiere, managed to seize the pistol which he had placed beside him, and by his presence of mind saved the Assembly from a dreadful catastrophe, for in the space of a few minutes Lagrange arose, and with the most frightful yells and howlings, began to rend clothes from his back and tear the flesh from his bosom, until the blood spirted forth, all the while uttering the most fearful imprecations and blasphemies. In an instant the whole Assembly was in an uproar—the terror of the scene was greater than words can describe. It was evident that the fierce excitement of the last few days had turned the brain of Lagrange and produced a fit of raging madness. He was secured with difficulty, and borne to a *maison de sante* at Montmartre, where he now remains, I believe, still a raving maniac.

ANECDOTE OF AN EMPEROR.

The present Emperor of Austria is represented as scarcely more than half-witted, who, if he lived in the United States, instead of being elevated as a ruler, would stand a much better chance of having his head shaved, and being bled and blistered, and furnished with a comfortable apartment in some benevolent asylum. He is nominally the head of the Empire but in reality a mere tool of METTER-NICH. We know an anecdote concerning him, which will serve to shew the extent of his calibre.

When the lamented MUELENBERG of this State was Minister at Vienna, at their farewell interview, the Emperor, among other grave questions asked him by what mode of conveyance he expected to return to his native country. The Minister informed him that he should proceed to London, and thence embark in a government vessel for the United States. "And what length of time will it take you to reach home?" asked the Emperor. "The Minister informed him. "Gracius Heaven!" exclaimed the astonished Emperor, "and do you travel day and night?" The Minister replied that there was no half-way houses on the sea, at which travellers could stop over night, to resume their journey leisurely in the morning!

board broad-sides under a ten knot breeze into the Admiral, and received the fire of the whole fleet as he passed, and under full chase of the formidable foe, arrived in safety at Brest.

Written for the Berks County Press.

In Washington there was a man, of glory and renown,
He came from Louisiana State, his name, I'll not put Down:
Gen'rous and condescending, he, was willing you should speak;
Provided you always gave him, the loud and longest squeak.
Because you see, this man was born, in Louisiana State:
Not Switzerland, where he was born, whom "Pratt," did berate.—
For sense and talent, mind and truth; our hero too; found out;
Cannot give standing to a man, nor right, like him, to spout!—
And mind well, hoary headed sage! the next time you do write!
Ask first permission of that man, or else you'll hurt his pride.
His ma'ma brought him in the world, in Louisiana State,
And therefore, if he is not wise he certainly is great!
Like kings and nobles, *birth* threw all, his greatness in his path
And in his greatness, he could not, restrain his mighty wrath,
But launched it at a noble one, who laboured for the free
Before our man was hardly born; or knew his, A, B, C!—
The silver hair, in honors bloom, the great and honest mind,
Are nothing like the being born of sneakers, and their kind!—
D - - - s state was hardly bought, when we, were honored with his birth
His papa, came, from where? who knows? I ask not, all, in mirth?
It might be Jupiter, who fell, in love with a fine square,
So that his blood, is undefiled, only a little raw!—
For you all know, Jupiter cut; in old times many a prank;
Sometimes as ox, sometimes as swan; he little cared for rank.
It seems that *birth*, was more with him, than decency and mind,
As we find many *Jupiters*, at present still, inclined.
Those mighty heroes *birth* we sing, forever and a day!
No foreign blood has ever yet defiled their *Indian Clay*.
Now ups, and Downs, they make them all, therefore they are so fine
And when they stop, the purest race, will certainly decline!

Philadelphia, April 1st, 1848.

Reading Market.

TUESDAY, April 18 1848.

Wheat Flour \$6.75. Rye Flour \$4.00.
Grain—Wheat 1.30. Rye 75. Corn 50. Oats 40 cts. per bushel.

MARRIED.

On the 11th inst., by the Rev. Wm. Pauli, Mr. ELIAH RUTH, to Mrs. MARY SEIDT, of Chmru township.
On the 13th inst., by the same, Mr. Geo. SPATZ, to Miss MARTHA GROUP, of Lancaster county.

Died.

In Lievellyn, Schuylkill county, on the 5th inst. Mrs. CATHARINE KIMMEL, daughter of the late Peter Nagle, Esq., of Reading.
On the 1st inst., in Tulpehocken, ELIZABETH PIERCE, in the 22d year of her age.
On the 2d inst., in Upper Bern, MARIA ALBRECHT, in the 65th year of her age.

BRIGADE ORDERS.

The enrolled militia and volunteers composing the 2nd Brigade, 6th Division, P. M. will commence and continue the Spring Trainings for the year 1848, as follows:

2nd Regiment, commanded by Col. John Potteiger; 1st and 2d Battalion on Monday the 8th day of May next.
3rd Regiment, commanded by Col. Jeremiah Weaver; 2d Battalion on Wednesday the 24th day of May and the 1st Battalion on Thursday the 25th day of May next.
4th Regiment, commanded by Col. William Trexler; 1st Battalion on Friday the 26th day of May and 2d Battalion on Saturday the 27th day of May next.
1st Regiment, commanded by Col. Isaac Hottelstine; 2d Battalion on Monday the 29th day of May and 1st Battalion on Tuesday the 30th day of May next.
1st Battalion, Reading Volunteers, commanded by Major Gen. Wm. H. Keim, meet for inspection on Friday the 27th day of October next.

The Hamburg Battalion of volunteers commanded by Maj. John A. Beitenman on Saturday the 8th day of July next.

All other Volunteer companies not attached to volunteer Battalions, are required to parade for inspection, on the above mentioned days, fixed for the respective Battalions of the regiment to which they belong.

The respective lines to be formed on each day precisely at 10 o'clock, A. M.

Commanding officers of Companies are required to furnish the Brigade Inspector, on or before the day of inspection, with copies of their enrolments, and likewise of all arms and other public property in their possession, and within ten days after Battalion training with a complete list of all absentees, marking particularly the borough or township in which any delinquent may reside, under penalty of \$50. Commanding officers of volunteer companies, who may sell certificates to contributing members, are required to furnish the Brigade inspector, within five days of the day of inspection, with a list of the same, verified by oath, marking the place of residence of each contributing member.—All officers must appear in full uniform, and all militiamen must appear on parade provided with sufficient arms, otherwise they will be treated as absentees.

Company Trainings will be held according to law, on the 1st day of May next, (the first Monday of said month.) By order of

THOMAS S. LEOSER,
Brig. Insp. 2nd Brig. 6th Div. P. M.
ANDREW M. SALLADE,
Acting Brigade Inspector.

Brigade Inspector's Office, } 9th.
Reading, April, 6, 1848. }

LAW of '41. Sec. 22. If any captain or commanding officer of a company shall neglect or refuse to furnish to the Brigade Inspector a copy of his roll, and an authentic list of his absentees, as is required in a former part of this act, he shall forfeit and pay to the Brigade Inspector, for the use of the Commonwealth, to be collected by him as debts of equal amount are by law, recoverable, for a neglect of his roll, ten dollars, and for neglect of his list of absentees, \$50.

ESTATE of Jacob S. Miller, deceased.
NOTICE

Is hereby given, that letters of Administration upon the estate of said Jacob S. Miller deceased with his will annexed, have lately been granted to the subscriber, resident in the city of Reading, Berks county. All persons having claims or demands against the estate of said Jacob S. Miller, late of said city, dec'd. are requested to make known the same without delay; and those indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, to
CHARLES DAVIS,
Adm'or. with the will annexed, &c.
April 18, 1848. 9-6t.

STEAM ENGINE.

A six horse Steam Engine complete and nearly new, for sale low, by

FRANKLIN MILLER,
corner of Penn and 4th streets.
Reading, April 18.

Looking Glasses.

A large assortment of beautiful Looking Glasses, just received and for sale at the New Hardware Store of

FRANKLIN MILLER,
April 18. opposite Housam's Hotel.

☞ Cheapest Establishment in this City. ☞

BOOT AND SHOE MANUFACTORY,

West Market Square next door to Pearson's Store, Reading Pa.

THE SUBSCRIBERS respectfully acquaints their friends and the public in general, that they have taken the above stand, (recently occupied by Samuel Wanner,) where they have opened a large and general assortment of

BOOTS & SHOES,

Manufactured of prime stock, under their immediate inspection, which for service and neatness, are equal to any in the State.

They have also on hand and will keep a constant supply of New England Ware, which will be sold as low as can be had at any other manufactory in Reading.

Country merchants and others would do well to give them a call before purchasing elsewhere.

They hope that by strict attention to business, to merit a share of public patronage.

GEORGE BRINER,
ISAAC BEITLER.

April 11-1f

1848

Estate of George Oyster, dec'd.

NOTICE

IS hereby given, that letters testamentary on the estate of George Oyster, late of Pike township, Berks county, (farmer,) deceased; have been granted to Dr. William Herbst and George Yerger, residing in Pike township, Berks county, and Jesse Bucher, residing in Montgomery county, therefore all persons having claims or demands against the estate of said deceased, are requested to present their accounts without delay; and those indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment to the same.

WILLIAM HERBST,
GEORGE YERGER, } Ex'ors.
JESSE BUCHER,
April 11. 8-6t.

CARPET HALL.

JUST received at the "Reading Carpet Hall," No. 6 East Market Square, an extensive assortment of Imperial, Ingrain, Cotton, Entry and Stair Carpetings, which will be sold cheaper than they have ever been offered as they are direct from auction.

SEYFERT & MINER,
Sign of the Golden Ball.

GREAT BARGAINS!

FRANKLIN MILLER—Corner of Penn and 4th streets, at Eckert's old stand, has received a large assortment of Hardware, such as Anvils, Blacksmith tools, Iron, Steel, Nail Rods, &c., &c. For sale low by
F. MILLER,
April 4. Corner of Penn and 4th st.

Ladies and Children's Shoes.

A splendid assortment of Kid, Morocco and Children's Shoes Also, Ladies' and Children's Fancy Gaiters, at the Store of
A. HENKE, Sen. & CO.,
South West corner of 5th and Penn sts.
April 4-4f 7-1848



HOWE'S & CO'S GREAT UNITED STATES CIRCUS.

EMBRACING BY FAR THE LARGEST TROUPE EVER ORGANISED.

Consisting of 240 Men and Horses!

And 12 Trained Shetland Ponies, requiring 40 carriages to convey the Performers, Musicians &c. Will perform at Kutztown on Thursday the 4th, and at Reading on Friday and Saturday the 5th and 6th of May next.

This Establishment shall be distinguished by the Magnificence of its Travelling Paraphernalia, and the beauty and extent of the Stud of Horses. The Procession will be preceded by 12 3 Splendid Chariots! built with all the gorgeous magnificence of which modern art is capable, and at an expenditure hitherto unequalled. The first is the GOLDEN CHARIOT drawn by 20 Cream Colored Horses!

The splendor and magnificence of this gorgeous and colossal carriage, baffles description. The length of the chariot is 22 feet six inches, its height is 18 feet. The chariot is appropriated to the conveyance of the celebrated NEW YORK BRASS BAND! led by Peter Voorst. The twenty horses are driven by Mr. Mark Johnson.

The next feature is the Arabs WINGED DRAGON OF OLD ENGLAND. The body represents the monster with extended wings, and coiled up in attitude of defiance. Seven real DEBOUIN ARABS! in their Native Costume, who will take part in the performances. Another sight of great interest to the spectator, is a FAIRY CHARIOT! drawn by 12 diminutive Shetland Ponies. The body is in form not unlike a huge bird. The interior contains three seats, and is designed for the conveyance of 8 Beautiful Children!

The managers are happy in being able to add to their enterprise, a mammoth improvement, no less than the brilliant illumination of the whole establishment with the Locomotive Gaz! The exhibition will be lighted up as bright as noon-day, by the best of light, from upwards of 150 burners.

The managers announce that they have at an enormous expense, engaged the services of a troupe of REAL BEDOUIN ARABS! The names by which

this astonishing Troupe are known among themselves, are—

Mustapha—The Athlete, or Flying Man.
Malek—The Tamer of Wild Horses.
Hamel—The Man of Good Councils.
Mahomet—The Strong.
Kazrac—The Leader in Deeds of War.
Mahmoud—The Favorite.
Alla—The Ever Enduring.
Kabri—The Sorcerer.

Some description of the Acts and performances of these strange people is necessary in detail.—In the performance of FLYING LEAPS and DOUBLE SOMERSETS. Among other surprising feats they leap over horses, springing from solid battout, and when turning two somersets in the air, will discharge muskets, seize daggers from a table, &c. They form Pyramids of Human Figures!

M. W. U. KEMP, the celebrated Clown from Astley's Dairy Lane Amphitheatre, who has won the sobriquet of the Modern Grimaldi.

Also 8 Ladies, the Misses WELLS, the number, Mrs. JOHN-ON, Mrs. WELLS, Miss Johnson, la petite Equestrienne, Miss Wells, Danseuse and Equestrienne. Great Act of Equestrianism by Miss Wells.—Splendid performance of the 3 celebrated diminutive SHETLAND PONIES, viz.—Rough and Ready, Black Hawk, and Bosphorus

W. H. Kemp will perform his feat of Walking on Crutches Nine Feet High.

Mr. G. W. Sergeant will appear in one of his Great Changeable Acts.

Miss Johnson, la petite sprite, is the youngest and smallest female equestrian living.

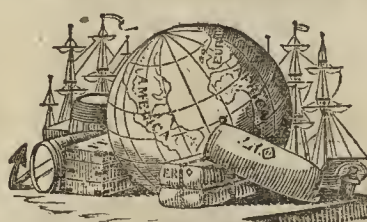
Mr. Nixon and his 2 sons, William and George, will perform a variety of Posturing and Gymnastics.

Mr. KEMP'S Pantomime of the Harlequin's Frolics, or Mistakes of a Night.

Doors open at 2½ P. M., and 7½ in the Evening. Performances commence at 3 P. M., and 7½ in the Evening. Admission, Boxes, 25 cents, Children under 9 years, ½ price.

The Grand Procession and spectacle entering towns of exhibition, will take place between the hours of 10 and 11 A. M. on the days of performance.
April 18, 1848.

SUPERIOR CEMENT.



THE Subscriber respectfully informs his friends and the public in general, that he will after the 15th of April, be prepared to deliver daily, at the Union Canal

Cement Mill,

Two miles above Reading, any quantity of the very best ground cement, and at a reasonable rate. Persons building, masonry, plastering, or to be used for any other purpose, are invited to examine the article for themselves. The cement will be guaranteed by
WILLIAM KISSINGER.

Bern, April 11.

N. B. Notice is also given, that, after the above mentioned day, any quantity of the above cement may constantly be had of Geo. W. Yeager, in South 3d street, Reading.

PUBLIC SALE Of Personal Property.

Will be sold at Public Vendue, on Friday and Saturday the 5th and 6th days of May next, at 10 o'clock A. M., on the premises, in Pike township, Berks county, the following property, viz:

Two Horses, Harness, 4 Cows, one Heifer, 3 Wagons, Ploughs and Harrows, Wood, Posts and Rails, Beds, Bedsteads and Bedding, Linen, together with a great variety of Household and Kitchen Furniture, and other articles too tedious to mention.

Conditions of Sale will be made known at the time and place, by

WILLIAM HERBST,
GEORGE YERGER, } Ex'ors.
JESSE BUCHER,
April 11, 1848 8-3t.

TO PURCHASERS

OF IRON AND STEEL.

The subscribers, Importers and Dealers in Foreign and American Iron, beg leave to call the attention of purchasers of IRON & STEEL, to the new assortment of Swede, Norwegian, Refined, Sable and Common English Iron,

When the lamented MUMFORD of this State was Minister at Vienna, at their farewell interview, the Emperor, among other grave questions asked him by what mode of conveyance he expected to return to his native country. The Minister informed him that he should proceed to London, and thence embark in a government vessel for the United States. "And what length of time will it take you to reach home?" asked the Emperor. The Minister informed him. "Gracious Heaven!" exclaimed the astonished Emperor, "and do you travel day and night?" The Minister replied that there was no half-way houses on the sea, at which travellers could stop over night, to resume their journey leisurely in the morning!

And this is the class of men, who in the Old World continue to insult and blaspheme Heaven by the impious assumption that they possess a "divine right" to rule and ruin the masses! Far better acknowledge themselves Usurpers, whose right consists only in the exercise of power and in the submissiveness of their betters. But, Heaven be praised! the time is hastening, when the "legitimacy" of Kings and Emperors will be pronounced by the voice of universal mankind "an obsolete idea."—Lanc. Intel.

CALIFORNIAN BELLE.

An officer of the navy, in a letter to the Home Journal, thus sketches the daughter of a ranchero:

You have never seen a Californian belle. A real, genuine out-and-out, live, native belle, I mean; indigenous to the soil. I can assure you I have nearly lost my heart with one of them, the daughter of a ranchero, who lives about forty miles in the interior; and should my application for leave of absence prove unsuccessful, I don't know but I shall really become a ranchero myself! The girl is beautiful; her complexion is of a dark, ruddy hue, tinged with red; like the leaves in autumn; with raven tresses, eyes intensely black and intensely sparkling, teeth as white as pearls, but not like them, for no string of pearls was ever so regular; a faultless form, embodying a soul as pure and guileless as an angel's. In addition to all these natural charms, she can "pay her mess bill!" sings sweetly, touches the guitar with skill, dances divinely, and laughs right merrily. She rides with horses, throws a lasso adroitly, and never misses her aim with the rifle. She carries a hunting knife in her girdle, and understands the anatomy of either stag or buffalo. She has never sat upon a chair in all her life, knows nothing about corsets, caps, fur-bellows, or flounces, never wears bonnets, and speaks no English!

Well, gentlemen, there she is—what do you think of her? A paragon truly! Don't be alarmed if she should make a descent upon your quiet little circles, some of these fine mornings, for there is no danger to be apprehended when I am alongside.—She is delighted with the idea of crossing the Andes, and is ready to accompany me to-morrow. So take your telescope, and keep a sharp look-out in the offing for this strange craft."

OLD UNITED STATES FLAG.

The flag was thirteen stripes, red and white with a rattlesnake extended, mouth open and stinging out, towards the outer folds of the flag—the tail just touching the staff, as if springing on a foe; under the snake the following words: "Don't tread upon me." There was no field of blue or white, or stars, but simply as above stated—and it was that very flag, while floating from the main royal of the frigate Alliance, under the gallant Paul Jones, that dashed through a British fleet of twenty-one sail of the line, in the North Sea—the intrepid Jones delivering his starboard and lar-

MARRIED.

On the 11th inst., by the Rev. Wm. Pauli, Mr. ELIJAH RUTH, to Mrs. MARY SEIDN, of Cumru township.

On the 13th inst., by the same, Mr. Geo. SPATZ, to Miss MARTHA GROFF, of Lancaster county.

Died.

In Liewellyn, Schoylkill county, on the 5th inst., Mrs. CATHARINE KIMMEL, daughter of the late Peter Nagle, Esq., of Reading.

On the 1st inst., in Tulpehocken, ELIZABETH PIPER, in the 22d year of her age.

On the 2d inst., in Upper Bern, MARIA ALBRECHT, in the 65th year of her age.

On the 20th ult., in Philadelphia, Rev. JOHN K. WELAND, a native of Berks county, and former Pastor of the Evangelical Lutheran Church at Hiltown, Bucks county, in the 58th year of his age.

NOTICE.

HENRY REITH vs. Jacob Reith, John Reith, George Reith, Eve Moll, Samuel Gable and Catharine his wife, David Heckman and Maria his wife, John Bechtel and Barbara his wife, Abraham Strayer, Michael Strayer, John Strayer, Henry Lehman and Sarah his wife, Michael N. Stoner and Lydia his wife, and Michael Stoner, guardian of Elizabeth and Solomon Strayer.

In the Court of Common Pleas of Berks county, in the matter of the partition and sale of the Real Estate of the said parties by the Sheriff of Berks county, and the money brought into the court of Common Pleas of said county.

The undersigned commissioner appointed by the Court of Common Pleas of Berks county, to make distribution of the money arising from the sale of the real estate of the above named parties entitled to the same, will meet at his office in Reading, on the 25th day of May next, at 10 o'clock A. M., for that purpose, at which time and place all persons interested will please attend.

HENRY RHODES, Commissioner.
Reading, April 18, 1848. 9 6t.

GUNS, GUNS, GUNS.

A large lot of very fine English double barrel Guns—patent breech—wire twist, purchased at a great sacrifice and will be sold at less than importation price, at the Hardware Store of FRANKLIN MILLER, April 18. corner of Penn and 4th streets.

Fringes & Gimps.

Now opening a large assortment of Black Silk Fringes and Gimps all widths. Also Ladies and Gentlemen's white and colored Kid Gloves, Lisle Thread do., Silk Mohair Gloves and Mitts, Swiss Edgings & Insertings, Thread Edgings, Laces, &c., at CLYMER'S corner of 5th & Penn sts., April 18.

VELVET CORDS.

20 packs Velvet Cords just received and will be sold at reduced prices for Cash at CLYMER'S corner of 5th and Penn streets—April 18.

SPRING GOODS.

Received and now opening a large assortment of Glaze Silks, Plain and Figured Sop-lins, Silk Grenadier Berages, Balzorines, French Brilliants, French Lawns, Gingham, Gingham Lawns, &c. &c., to which the attention of purchasers is requested at CLYMER'S, cheap cash store, corner of 5th and Penn streets. April 18.

debits of equal amount by law, recoverable, for a neglect of his roll, ten dollars, and for neglect of his list of absentees, \$50.

ESTATE of Jacob S. Miller, deceased.

NOTICE

Is hereby given, that letters of Administration upon the estate of said Jacob S. Miller deceased with his will annexed, have lately been granted to the subscriber, resident in the city of Reading, Berks county. All persons having claims or demands against the estate of said Jacob S. Miller, late of said city, dec'd., are requested to make known the same without delay; and those indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, to CHARLES DAVIS, Adm'r. with the will annexed, &c.

April 18, 1848. 9 6t.

Great and Glorious NEWS.

For the People of Berks county in general, and the citizens of Reading in particular.

Extraordinary Reduction in the price of Ready Made CLOTHING.

William McFarlan, has just returned from Philadelphia with the largest and best assortment of SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS

ever offered in this place, while he is now selling lower than they can possibly be sold at any other establishment in this city. Only give him a call and see for yourselves. He charges nothing for looking at them, and will be very happy to see you. If you want to get a chance you had better go soon, as there has been a continual rush since they were opened.

His stock consists of Black, Blue, Brown, Claret, Olive, Green and Invisible Green, Gray and Gray Mixed, Monterey, Sommer, Croton and Tweed Cloths, of American, English and French manufacture.

Also a beautiful assortment Cassimeres, of the rarest and choicest quality, consisting of plain black, blue, black and blue plaid, black do. skin, brown, striped, black and white, a most splendid article, drab, and a few pieces of black plaid of a very choice kind, which cannot be bought at any other place in Reading and Philadelphia, besides a number of other Fancy Cassimeres.

Satinets of all kinds, Monterey Cords, Velvet Cords, Kentucky Jeans, Linen Drillings, Cotton Drillings, &c.

Also, Barathea and Plaid Vestings, black silk velvet, black, blue-black and fancy Satin, and a number of other articles suitable for vests. Trimmings of the very best quality.

He has also on hand the largest assortment of Ready-made Clothing, viz:—Dress and Frock Coats, Sack and Overcoats; Monkey coats and Roundabouts of the very best quality; Pants of all descriptions. Vests of the same; all of which will be sold cheaper than they can be bought anywhere else.

Also a general assortment of ready-made articles, such as Hats and Caps, silk shirts, and white linen do. striped and plain muslin do., calico do., check do., white, red and blue flannel do., overalls, drawers of all kind, handkerchiefs, cravats, stocks and scarfs, neckties, cotton and woolen hose, kid, silk and cotton gloves, Buckskin do., Suspenders, Umbrellas, &c., and all other articles in his line of business.

Don't forget to call and see him at the new Rail Road Clothing Emporium, in Seventh street, a few doors below Franklin east side. Reading, April 18.

Notice.

Proposals will be received at the Commissioners' Office, in the city of Reading, Berks county, on Monday the first day of May next, for the painting of the Court House Steeple; the said steeple is to have three coats of white paint with boiled oil, and the blinds to be green. The materials for painting and scaffolding to be procured by the painter.

MICHAEL GERY, DAVID YODER, CHAS. FICHTHORN. } Comm'rs.
COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE, Reading, April 18, '48. }

BUILDING LOT.

A very desirable Building Lot with a frame shop on the back part, corner 6th and Chestnut streets—22½ feet by 90 deep, for sale by FRANKLIN MILLER, corner of 4th and Penn streets.

April 18.

april 4.] Sign of the Golden Ball.

GREAT BARGAINS!

FRANKLIN MILLER—Corner of Penn and 4th streets, at Eckert's old stand, has received a large assortment of Hardware, such as Anvils, Blacksmith tools, Iron,

Steel, Nail Rods, &c., &c. For sale low by F. MILLER, April 4. Corner of Penn and 4th st.

Ladies and Children's Shoes.

A splendid assortment of Kid, Morocco and Children's Shoes. Also, Ladies' and Children's Fancy Gaiters, at the Store of

A. HENKE, Sen. & CO., South West corner of 5th and Penn sts. April 4-4t] 7-1848

Attention Reading Troop.



You are to assemble for drill fully equipped in winter uniform, on Easter Monday, the 24th day of April inst., precisely at 10 o'clock A. M., at the house of Joseph Ganl, in Heidelberg.

Punctual attendance is requested.

By order of the Captain.

April 4. GIDEON L. FISHER, O. S.

Market Stalls for Sale.

Will be leased at Public Sale, on Saturday the 6th day of May next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at the Market Houses, in the city of Reading, the Stalls of the Eastern and Western market houses.

Due attendance and conditions of sale will be made known by JOHN BOYER, April 11-3t. Clerk of the Market.

EAGLE HOTEL & STAGE OFFICE

[LATE WELDY'S.]

South Fifth Street, between Penn and Franklin, Reading, Pa.

HENRY B. ROYER,

LATE of Boyertown, begs leave to inform his friends and the public that he has taken that well known Stand, lately kept by Henry Weldy, in South Fifth street, Reading, which he has caused to be completely refitted and furnished with all the requisites of

A FIRST RATE HOTEL.

His rooms are neat and airy, and Table the best the markets afford. Extensive stabling capable of accommodating 50 horses, is attached to the premises, and careful Ostlers are always in attendance. In a word the arrangements are complete throughout, and all who favor him with their custom may rely upon first-rate accommodation.

April 11, 1848.

8-3 mo.

BULL'S HEAD HOTEL.

READING, PA.

CHARLES J. FABER,

Begs leave respectfully to announce to his friends and the public that he has taken that large, pleasant and commodious Tavern stand situate in East Penn, between 7th and 8th streets, lately occupied by John Delcamp. He has the pleasure to inform his friends that the house has been newly fitted up and large additions made to it. The stabling is of the best order, a yard superior to any in the city, and careful ostlers.

The public may rest assured that every attention will be paid to their comfort and convenience.—He hopes by strict attention to business to merit a share of public patronage.

April 11

8-3mo.

THE Subscriber respectfully informs his friends and the public in general, that he will after the 15th of April, be prepared to deliver daily, at the Union Canal

Cement Mill.

Two miles above Reading, any quantity of the very best ground cement, and at a reasonable rate. Persons building, masonry, plastering, or to be used for any other purpose, are invited to examine the article for themselves. The cement will be guaranteed by WILLIAM KISSINGER.

Bern, April 11. 8-3mo* N. B. Notice is also given, that, after the above mentioned day, any quantity of the above cement may constantly be had of Geo. W. Yeager, in South 3d street, Reading, where orders and personal applications will be thankfully received and promptly attended to. W. K.

RED BALL CLOTHING STORE.

NO. 78.

West Penn Street, next door to Fricker and Stout's Hardware Store.

If you want to be suited call in at the corner of Penn and third, And pay the money down, and not a murmur shall be heard, Come Farmers, Mechanics, Labourers and all, Call in, and see the CLOTHING, at the sign of the "RED BALL."

South Western

CHEAP CLOTHING STORE.

Gentlemen, call at the South-western Cheap Clothing Store, No. 71, on the corner of 3d and Penn streets, North side where you will find a new and splendid assortment of

SPRING & SUMMER CLOTHING.

Which will be sold as cheap as at any other place. I wish you would call, see, and judge for yourselves, before you buy elsewhere, as I will insure the work to be made well, and NO FIT NO TAKE.

I also have on hand First-Rate

Bosom Shirts.

Byron Collars and Collars of every kind, Fashionable Coats, Vests & Pants to please the mind, Gentlemen, call opposite to the Iron Store. Come in, take a look if you can't do more, And of all the cheap Clothing you ever did see; Just call at the Store of JOHN H. D. JOHN H. DANFIELD.

Hats, Caps, Boots & Shoes.

Whips, Trunks, Port Folios and Travelling Bags, for sale by JOHN H. DANFIELD, April 11. No. 71, West Penn st.

NEW FASHIONABLE HAT AND CAP STORE.

East Penn St., next door to Gernant's (late Behm's) Tavern, Reading, Pa.

JACOB MAURER begs leave to inform his friends and the public that he has opened a new HAT AND CAP STORE, at the stand formerly occupied by Adam Rightmyer, next door to Gernant's (late Behm's) Tavern, in East Penn Street, two doors below Sixth, where he will constantly keep on hand, a complete assortment of

HATS AND CAPS,

of all kinds and prices, from the best manufacturers of New York and Philadelphia. His present assortment comprises the latest Spring styles. He respectfully solicits all in want of a first-rate article to give him a call, when they will be suited to their satisfaction and at the very lowest prices.

April 11, 1848.

8-3mo.

5 Wagons, Trunks and Trarrows, Wood, Posts and Rails, Beds, Bedsteads and Bedding, Linen, together with a great variety of Household and Kitchen Furniture, and other articles to tedious too mention.

Conditions of Sale will be made known at the time and place, by

WILLIAM HERBST, } Ex'ors.
GEORGE YERGER, }
JESSE BUCHE, }
April 11, 1848. 8-3t.

TO PURCHASERS

OF

IRON AND STEEL.

The subscribers, Importers and Dealers in Foreign and American Iron, beg leave to call the attention of purchasers of IRON & STEEL, to the new assortment of Swede, Norwegian, Refined, Sable and Common English Iron, which they now have and are constantly receiving from Europe direct. Also American Iron, consisting of Hoop, Band, Scroll, &c. English, Russia and American Sheet Iron; Small Round and Square Iron, from 3-16ths and upwards; Boiler and Flue Iron, Horse-shoe and Nail Rods, Axle Iron, various sizes; Locomotive, Tire and Railroad Iron; Angle Iron, Half-round Iron, &c. Spring and Blistered Steel, from best stamps of Swede Iron; Cast and Shear Steel, &c., all of which they offer at the lowest rates, for cash, or at six months for approved reference, and to which they invite the attention of purchasers before replenishing their stocks.

Also, Pig and Bloom Iron received on commission, on which advances will be made.

EARPH & BRINK,

Iron and Steel Merchants,

117 North Water St., and 56 North Del.

Avenue, Philadelphia. 8-16t

April 11.

TO CASH BUYERS.

Bargains! Bargains! Bargains!

At No. 80 North Third St.—2d floor, Phil'a.

THE SUBSCRIBER is daily receiving a variety of Fancy and other Dry Goods, from the Philadelphia and New York Auctions, embracing such articles only can be bought at less than ordinary market rates, thereby enabling him to supply purchasers at less prices than can be furnished elsewhere.

Dealers who buy for CASH, are assured that they will find it to their interest to examine the Goods, which will consist of those which are purchased at forced Auction Sales.

A. DEWALD,

No. 80 North Third street.

Philadelphia, April 11. 8-2mo.

An Ordinance Fixing salaries.

BE it ordained by the Select and Common Councils of the city of Reading, and it is hereby ordained by the authority of the same,

Section 1. That the salaries and compensation of the several officers elected and appointed by Councils, for the ensuing year, be as follows:—High Constable and Clerk of the Market, and High Constable and Messenger to Councils, each two hundred dollars a year—Street Commissioner and Assistant, each one dollar per day—City Regulator two dollars per day—Assistant Regulator one dollar and fifty cts. per day—city tax Collector, three per cent on amount collected and paid into the Treasurer—Scavenger, twenty-five dollars per year—Treasurer and Clerks, same as last year, to wit each \$35.

Passed, March 25, 1848.

HENRY NAGLE, Pres't. S. C.

LEWIS PRINER, Pres't. C. C.

Attest—J. L. RIGHTMYER, Clerk. S. C.

J. W. TYSON, Clerk. C. C. [April 11.]

SILK TISSUES.

A NEW article for Ladies to which the attention of the Ladies is invited, by SEYFERT & MINER.

April 4]

\$20 REWARD.

Whereas, sundry evil disposed persons broke into the German Lutheran Church in the night of the 14th inst., broke open several locks, cut ropes, rang the bells and did other mischief; besides endangering the safety of the building with candles, and it is the intention of the vestry to put an end to such outrages. A reward of twenty dollars is hereby offered by the vestry of said Church, for information by which any person entering the building without permission and committing such an offence in future, can be brought to justice.

March 20, 1848.

5-3-t

REMOVAL.

THE SUBSCRIBER has removed his Hat Store to South Fifth Street, next door to Daniel R. Clymer's Dry Goods Store, and opposite the Mansion House, where he has constantly on hand a large and very superior assortment of Fashionable

HATS & CAPS,



Of all kinds, and prices, to which he invites the attention of his numerous friends and customers. His splendid New York and Philadelphia Hats and Caps, and those of his own manufacture, are well worthy the attention of the public, and will be sold cheaper than ever. Thankful for past favors he respectfully solicits a continuance of patronage in his new quarters.

March 21-3mo] ADAM RIGHTMYER.

TO COUNTRY MERCHANTS.—The subscribers have just received a large and well selected assortment of cheap DRY GOODS, which have been purchased for cash and will be sold at great bargains. The public is respectfully invited to call and examine the same.

J. & C. M. PEARSON.

March 14

DWELLING HOUSE, LOTS AND LANDING FOR SALE.

The subscriber offers at private sale the DWELLING HOUSE and lot, on which he resides, in North 5th street, being 30 feet in front by 230 feet in depth.

ALSO—All that piece of ground situate on the Schuylkill Canal, adjoining Jacob Davies' and others, containing about one acre, having a large front on the Canal. This property is well situated for a large Factory or Furnace.

ALSO—The undivided one fourth part of a lot of ground situate on the corner of 3d and Washington streets being 60 feet in front and 230 feet in depth.

The above property will be sold at a moderate price and terms made easy to the purchaser, apply to

Feb. 15-6t. EDWARD B. HUBLEY.

WHOLE SALE

Boot & Shoe Store.

(CHEAP FOR CASH.)

No. 35, South 3rd above Chestnut Street, PHILADELPHIA.

The subscriber has established, and continues to do an exclusive Cash business, and suffering no losses, he is enabled and determined to sell

BOOTS AND SHOES

by the package or dozen, at lower prices than any other regular Shoe house in this city.

He keeps constantly on hand a good assortment of MEN'S WOMEN'S and CHILDREN'S SHOES, of Eastern and City Manufacture.

Small Dealers supplied at the same prices as large ones.

Purchasers will please examine the market thoroughly, and they will find there is no deception in this advertisement.

THOMAS L. EVANS,

No. 35 South Third, above Chestnut street.

GEORGE NEWKIRK, MERCHANT TAILOR.

NO. 19,

East Market Square, North Side, Reading. Respectfully informs his friends and the public in general, that he has constantly on hand, a well selected and superior assortment of Cloths, Cassimeres, Sattinets, Plain and Figured Silk Velvet, Satin and Fancy Vestings, which he will sell by the yard or make up to order at the shortest notice.—Also, a great variety of Stocks, Scarfs, Cravats, Handkerchiefs, Shirts, Collars, Suspenders, Drawers, Overalls, &c., &c.

Ready Made Clothing.

He has also on hand a large and elegant assortment of Ready Made Clothing, and as every article which he offers for sale is purchased and manufactured under his immediate inspection, is enabled to warrant them for neatness, cheapness and durability superior to any other offered in the city.

CUSTOM WORK.

He also continues the manufacture of custom work, and is prepared to make to order all work entrusted to his care at the shortest notice and reasonable prices.

Thankful for past favors he hopes that by strict attention to business, to merit further encouragement.

GEORGE NEWKIRK.

Jan. 4. 1848.-4f.

New Crop NEW ORLEANS SUGARS, just received, Also, Crushed Pulverized and Loaf Sugars, for sale cheap by E. D. SMITH. February 1.

5000 YARDS of yard-wide, heavy Brown Muslins, at 7 cents a yard only—they are worth 12½. Now is your time to buy the greatest bargain ever sold in Reading. Call at CLYMER'S, corner of 5th and Penn streets, Yellow House with open Glass Front.

[Jan. 18.

Philadelphia, Reading and Pottsville RAIL ROAD.



CHANGE OF HOURS:

A passenger Train will leave Philadelphia and Pottsville daily (except Sundays,) at 8 o'clock, A. M.

The Train from Philadelphia arrives at Reading at 12 18 M.

The Train from Pottsville arrives at Reading at 10 43 M.

FARES: No. 1. No. 2.
Between Pottsville & Philadelphia, \$3.50, 3.00
" Reading, 1.40, 1.20
" Reading and Philadelphia, 2.25, 1.90

Five minutes allowed at Reading and 3 at other way stations.

Passenger Depot at Reading, corner of 7th and Chestnut streets.

Flannels, Flannels.—Now opening a large assortment of Red, Yellow, Green, and White Woolen Flannels, and Blue, Red, Yellow, Green, Lead, Brown, Bleached and unbleached Flannels, cheap.

JOHNSTON & TEMPLIN.

1st door below 4th in Penn street.

October 19.

Cloths, Cloths.

Now opening, a large assortment of blue black French cloths from \$2.50 per yard to super double dye English blue black from \$1.50 fine to \$6.00. Also a full assortment of all fashionable colors, which will be sold cheap, at the Store of

JOHNSTON & TEMPLIN.

1st door below 4th in Penn street.

Oct. 19.

SPRING FASHION OF HATS, AT THE GREAT CENTRAL CHEAP HAT & CAP STORE

No. 284 MARKET STREET,

South side, above Eighth Street,

PHILADELPHIA.

The subscriber takes this method to return his thanks to the people of the county of Berks for the very liberal share of patronage which they have extended towards him for the last few months, and would call their attention to the fact that he has now introduced his

Spring Fashion of Gentlemen's HATS, which for beauty, neatness and durability, cannot be excelled by any other establishment in this city. This stock comprises the BEAVER, NUTRIA, BRUSH, RUSSIA, SILK and MOLE SKIN HATS of all styles and qualities, together with a very large assortment of Cloth, Velvet, Plush, Fur and Glazed Caps. Country Merchants and others are respectfully invited to examine the stock, which they will find it to their advantage to do, before purchasing, as it is his determination, having adopted the system of selling for Cash only, to sell at the lowest prices.

JOHN FAREIRA, Jr.

284 Market St., south side, above Eighth Philadelphia, March 7.

John Ritner's Estate.

ALL persons having claims against the Estate of John Ritner, late of the city of Reading mason, dec'd, are hereby invited to present their accounts, without delay, to any one of the subscribers, residing at Reading aforesaid. And all such persons as may know themselves in any manner indebted to said Estate are requested to make payment forthwith.

JAMES HADCROFT, Att'ys in fact
HENRY J. CLAY, for the heirs.
March 14, 1848. 4-6t.

CHEAPER THAN EVER! EYES RIGHT AND DRESS.

AS every man ought to do who desires to make a respectable appearance in the world. There is no excuse for going in a thread-bare coat, tattered pants and vest, when you can buy a whole suit from \$2.50 up to \$30.00. So just step in and give me a trial. I will guarantee to sell as cheap if not cheaper than any other man in the city of Reading, and give you a better article for your money. There is no mistake about this. People from the country would find it to their advantage to call here before purchasing elsewhere.

I have on hand COATS, PANTS AND VESTS, made up in every style to suit the fancy; Overalls, Hats and Caps, Neckchiefs, Handkerchiefs, Stocks, Scarfs, Neck-ties, Comforts, Suspenders, cotton and woolen Hose, Gloves and Mitts, fine white linen Shirts, striped do., calico do., check do., white, red, and blue flannel do., wove merino and all other kinds of woolen do. Drawers of same description.

Cloths, Cassimeres, Sattinets, Vestings and all other articles in my line of business.

Don't forget to call at the new Railroad Clothing Emporium, Seventh street, a few doors below Franklin, east side.

WILLIAM McFARLAN

Sept. 14. 30-tf.

DR. J. MARSHALL,
Has for sale, a splendid assortment of Peppermint, as cheap as can be had at any other Store in the City, May 11.

For Sale or Exchange for Reading City Property.

A large Farm within 12 miles of Reading, in a good state of cultivation, with all the necessary buildings.

ALSO—4,491 acres of unimproved land, situate in Monroe county, Pa. The soil is good and abounds with wood. The title is

ELLWOOD SHANNON DEALER IN TEAS

Warehouses 63 Chestnut above Second and Eleventh and Chestnut streets PHILADELPHIA

Has constantly in Store, a choice assortment of Fresh Imported Green and Black Teas.

Country Merchants are invited to call at 63 Chestnut Street and examine his Stock, which he offers at the lowest wholesale prices for Cash and where he attends personally.

[Philadelphia, Dec. 7.—6mo.

Dr. J. Marshall,

Has constantly on hand a superior VERMIFUGE for destroying worms in children and adults. May 11. 12-6mo.

Monterey & California Plaid.

NOW opening a choice lot of the above named Goods, for sale cheap at the store of JOHNSTON & TEMPLIN.

Nov. 9.

38-4t.

Vestings.—Plain and Figured Satin Silk and Woolen Velvet, Cashmere, Valencia and Silk Vestings, a large assortment at the GOLDEN BALL.

CABINET WARE AND CHAIRS!

NO. 74 EAST PENN ST., where may be found the largest and finest stock of Furniture & Chairs, in the city of Reading, consisting of every style of Cabinet Ware and Chairs in great variety, all manufactured under the supervision of the subscriber, by experienced workmen, and will be sold at the most reduced prices. Give him a call and judge for yourselves.

JOSIAH HEARING.

Jan. 4 1848.-4f

Fresh Cheese.

Just received an excellent quality of Fresh cheese, and for sale at the New Grocery store No. 26 West Market square, Reading.

Feb. 1. J. R. SMITH

GIMPS & FRINGES.—The subscribers have just received a large assortment of Gimps and Fringes, which will be sold cheap by J. & C. M. PEARSON.

Feb. 29.

BOOTS and SHOES

0 WHOLESALE & RETAIL. 11
0 AT 0
T William Frey's Store, 0
S No. 10, North Fifth Street, 0
& Where may be found anything in the 0
& BOOT & SHOE LINE, &
S At Philadelphia prices. B
S N. B. All kinds of Customer work 0
H made up as usual. 0
0 Reading, Jan. 25. T
S H O E S B O O T S

MONUMENTS, HEADSTONES AND BUILDING WORK.

The undersigned offer their services to the public in executing all kinds of

Plain and Ornamental

MARBLE AND FREESTONE WORK, on reasonable terms, and at short notice.

Those of their Fellow-Citizens desirous of obtaining something handsome in the above line, are respectfully invited to call and view their finished work, as well as their large collection of designs for Monuments, Headstones, &c., &c., &c.

F. H. STRECKER,

H. NOTEM,

Railroad street, between Penn and Franklin. Nov. 30. 41-6mo.

NEW CHAIR MANUFACTORY.

In West Penn street, between 3d and 4th St's opposite B. & D. Weitzel's Shoe Store, Reading.

The subscriber takes this method of informing his friends and the public in general, that he has commenced the manufacture of Chairs of every description, such as

Boston Settees, do. Rocking chairs, Ball Back and all kinds of Settees, at different prices, Scroll Back chairs, Ball do. do., Baltimore do. do., Table chairs, Sewing chairs, Small Rocking chairs, &c.

All of which are made of the best materials and workmanship, and warranted to be not inferior to any manufactured in this place.

As he is a new beginner he confidently anticipates a share of public patronage.

mar 14-3mo] WILLIAM F. BROWN.
N. B. Chairs, &c., repaired, repainted and warranted to look as well as new at the shortest notice.

PUBLIC NOTICE,

IS HEREBY given, that application has been made to the Reading Water Company, for the renewal of a lost certificate No. 402, for one share in said stock. The original certificate was issued in the name of John Coleman and transferred by E. Dechert Esq., attorney in fact for Eliza Coleman Adm'x. of John Coleman dec'd.

March 28-4t.

BE CAUTIOUS WHEN YOU FORWARD.

Expeditious Transportation.
F. S. BICKLEY & BROTHER,
(The Old and Experienced Firm.)

Most respectfully inform the business men of Reading and the citizens generally that they continue the

FORWARDING & TRANSPORTATION BUSINESS.

between Reading and Philadelphia. They will receive and forward daily (per Philadelphia and Reading Rail Road) all kinds of

GOODS, WARES, MERCHANDIZE, PACKAGES, OYSTERS, &c.

between Reading and Philadelphia, and deliver goods at either place.

Having made arrangements to forward with the utmost despatch, they hope to receive as liberal share of public patronage, which they will endeavor to merit by promptness and punctuality.

All orders to affect sales of Country Produce, &c. will be strictly attended to.

PRIME OYSTERS, by the thousand or larger quantities, can always be had from them in Reading.

F. S. Bickley & Brother, return their sincere thanks, for the liberal encouragement they have heretofore received from country merchants and other friends, and respectfully solicit further orders; they assure the public that no efforts will be spared to give general satisfaction, and will be punctual to see teams loaded and unloaded.

Merchants and others wishing to have articles purchased, will please apply to BICKLEY & BROTHER; one of the firm can be found daily at the New Depot, Reading, the other at the Black Bear Hotel, No. 241 1/2 North Third street, Philadelphia.

February 2, 1847. 50-tf

WILLIAM FREY.

HAS just opened a very large and complete assortment of Goum Shoes. The assortment consists of Men's patent Gum Elastic Over Shoes. Women's do. do. do. patent Gum Buskins. do. patent Gum Sandals. Also, Misses' patent Over Shoes, Sandals and Buskins.

All of the most improved Manufacture and style and a larger assortment than can be

GREAT BARGAINS IN CHAIRS & CABINET WARE.

THE SUBSCRIBER is now offering his stock of CHAIRS at greatly reduced prices. All who have not yet supplied themselves with Chairs should call at the Cheap Establishment in East Penn street, at the Sign of the Red Chair, No. 68, where they will find a large and splendid assortment; such as Ball Back, Cane Seat, and Common Chairs, Large and Small Rocking Chairs, Settees, &c., selling very cheap.

Also, Cabinet Furniture, such as Bureaus at all prices, Dining, Breakfast, Pier, Centre and End Tables; Low and High Post Bedsteads, Corner Cupboards, Kitchen Dressers, Closets, Work and Wash Stands, Dressing Bureaus, Sofas, &c.; all of which are manufactured by the most experienced workmen, finished in the most fashionable style, and will be sold very cheap. The public, and young housekeepers especially, are respectfully requested to call and examine his stock, and judge for themselves.

FREDERICK FOX.

March 14.

4-tf.

GREAT IMPROVEMENT IN THE DAGUERRETYPE ART.

M. A. ROOT'S Daguerreotypes, 140 Chestnut St., PHILADELPHIA, having been pronounced superior, in the cities of Europe and the United States, and been just awarded in the city of New York the GREAT PRIZE of "the FIRST MEDAL for the Best Daguerreotypes," again calls attention to his later and still more valuable improvements. This last is thus noticed by the Evening Bulletin:

The True Light.

M. A. Root, the great Daguerreotypist of this city, has fitted up a room in the third story of his establishment, expressly to obtain the manifest advantage of the northern light. The light from that direction is necessarily sought by all painters, because of its firmness and uniformity, and Mr. Root, with consummate tact, resolved, to avail himself of this aid, to correct shadows.

The Boston Atlas speaks of the portraits by the distinguished Daguerreotypist, M. A. Root, and was astonished to find that the art had been carried to such a high degree of perfection. Mr. Root, by some new chemical discoveries, has been enabled to transfer the human countenance to the Daguerreotype plate with an accuracy and fidelity altogether inconceivable. Even the joyous and laughing face of the infant is transferred in an instant to the enduring silver plate with astonishing accuracy, notwithstanding in infant life there is scarcely a second of time, during working hours, when the body is entirely at rest.

The North American and United States Gazette says of a Family Group of Mr. Root—"It was universally acknowledged worthy of being classed among the first triumphs of this heaven-born art."

The Daily News praises Mr. Root's "most admirable display, as the most beautiful and perfect gems of the art."

The City Item says—"We are delighted as Philadelphia, to learn that Mr. Root took the medal and highest premium for his superb pictures both in New York and Boston, over all competition. This is indeed a great triumph! Root's pictures are as near perfection as it is possible to get. There is thought, delicacy, finish, and the highest degree of artistic excellence in them."

"The perfection of the art."—Boston Star.
"The best in every point of view."—Pennsylvania Inquirer.

"Best ever exhibited in this country."—New York Sun.

THE LIVERPOOL CUSTOM HOUSE OFFICERS observed when examining a package of Root's Daguerreotypes, "that they were the best specimens of the kind that had ever passed through their hands."

HIGH SHERIFF TATE of Edinburgh, Scotland a great amateur in works of art, says, in a letter to a friend in Philadelphia, "There is nothing like them here; they throw us completely in the shade—they are the best."

CHEAP CASH.
No. 35, South 3rd above Chestnut Street,
PHILADELPHIA.

The subscriber has established, and continues to do an exclusive Cash business, and suffering no losses, he is enabled and determined to sell

BOOTS AND SHOES

by the package or dozen, at lower prices than any other regular Shoe house in this city.

He keeps constantly on hand a good assortment of Men's Women's and Children's Shoes, of Eastern and City Manufacture.

Small Dealers supplied at the same prices as large ones.

Purchasers will please examine the market thoroughly, and they will find there is no deception in this advertisement.

THOMAS L. EVANS,

No. 35 South Third, above Chestnut street.
Philadelphia, March 7. 2-6mo.

HEALTH MADE EASY FOR THE PEOPLE,

or Physical Training, to make their Lives in this World Long and Happy, by the

Author of "Education, As It Is,

Ought To Be, and Might Be,

First American Edition,

with Additions.

Being an elementary and interesting treatise on Self Knowledge. Containing short and entertaining articles on

Food, Heart, Glands, Strength,
Eating, Stomach, Nerves, Recreations
Digestion Liver, Brains, Old Age,
Blood, Lungs, Mind, Man,
Secretions Arteries, Senses, Woman,
Head, Veins, Health, Disease,
&c. &c. &c.

Together with the Great Secret—Success in Life how attained—How to do Good—Causes and Effects of Error—Habits—Passions—Woman described—Man described—Man's Errors—Rich and Poor—Sexes—Virtue and Vice—Youthful Errors—Woman how made delicate—Woman's Virtues, Ambition, &c. &c.

The whole designed for the noble purpose of improving and extending education amongst the people, imparting valuable knowledge on the physiology of the human frame, and the laws which govern mental and bodily health, &c. &c.

Any person sending 25 cents enclosed in a letter shall receive one copy by mail, or five copies will be sent for \$1. Address, postage paid, G. B. ZIEBER & Co., May 25. Philadelphia.

This valuable work contains (in duodecimo form) 177 pages.

TO BRICKMAKERS.

To Mr. A. K. Fahnestock,
Sir:—I take pleasure in recommending to my fellow-brickmakers your superior

Patent Brick Press

I have had in use this season, which has been worked to my entire satisfaction and very much to my interest. I think it is the simplest and most powerful press now in use for making fine pressed bricks. Four hands are able to press from 1000 to 1200 in an hour and have easy work, and therefore I recommend them to the trade. One of them can be examined on my yard in the city of Reading, in Eighth street, between Chestnut and Bingham streets.

GEO. D. LEVAN, Brickmaker.

Nov. 9.

GROCERIES, PROVISIONS & QUEENSWARE.—This day receiving a large and well selected stock in Groceries, Provisions and Queensware, bought for cash and will be sold a little cheaper than elsewhere, call and see at the cheap store, No. 20 north 5th street.
E. D. SMITH.
March 21 5-31.

Flannels, Flannels.—Now opening a large assortment of Red, Yellow, Green, and White Woolen Flannels, and Blue, Red, Yellow, Green, Lead, Brown, Bleached and unbleached Flannels, cheap.
JOHNSTON & TEMPLIN,
1st door below 4th in Penn street.
October 19.

Cloths, Cloths.

Now opening, a large assortment of blue black French cloths from \$2.50 per yard to super double dye English blue black from \$1.50 fine to \$6.00. Also a full assortment of all fashionable colors, which will be sold cheap, at the Store of

JOHNSTON & TEMPLIN,
1st door below 4th in Penn street.
Oct. 19. 6t.

Franklin Foundry
AND
MACHINE SHOP.
Corner of Eighth and Chestnut Streets,
READING, PA.

ADAM JOHNSTON takes this method of informing his friends and the public that he still carries on his

IRON & BRASS FOUNDRY & MACHINE SHOP,

in the city of Reading, at the OLD STAND,

corner of Eighth and Chestnut, one square above the Rail Road Passenger Depot, where

he is prepared to Manufacture all kinds of

Iron and Brass Castings, such as castings

for Rail Roads, Rolling Mills, Furnaces, Flour

and Saw Mills, &c., &c. Also Rolls and

Housing Screws for Rolling Mills, Furnace

Plates, Crane castings, Turning Lathes,

Gudgeons of every description, Plough Cast-

ings of various Patterns, Horse Power and

Thrashing Machine Castings, Pillars, Col-

umns, Iron Pipes, Cellar Grates and Gates,

Sash Weights, and Brass and Iron Castings

every kind required by the public.

HOT BLAST.—This attention of Iron

Masters is requested to a new set of patterns

for Hot Blast, recently got up at his establish-

ment, calculated for Furnaces of all sizes.

MACHINE SHOP.—Connected with the

Foundry is a Machine Shop at which all

kinds of turning is done, castings finished

and machinery fitted up. Steam Engines,

Coal Cars, Turning Lathes, Drill Presses,

Cups and Balls and Twiers for Furnaces,

Mill Screws, Jack Screws, Mill Spindles, &c.,

&c., and Blacksmith Work of all kinds made

to order.

Every thing ordered at this establishment

manufactured at the shortest notice, in the

best manner and on moderate terms.

Grateful for the patronage heretofore ex-

tended to his establishment, he respectfully

solicits a continuance of public support, de-

termined to spare no effort to give entire

satisfaction to his customers.

June 29, 1847. 19-1y.

WINTER SPERM OIL.—SPERM

Candles, 4's and 6's; Castile, Scarlet Alm-

ond, Millflower and Rosin Soap, just receiv-

ed and for sale at the new Grocery Store,

No 26, West Market square, Reading.

Feb. 15-52. JOHN R. SMITH.

FOR SALE AT THE CHEAP

STORE.

50 Kegs 100 lbs. each 8 and 10 wrought

Nails superior Iron, at 9½ cents per pound,

usual price 18 cents per pound, at the

Corner of Penn & 4th St's.

Feb. 15. FRANKLIN MILLER.

OIL! OIL!! OIL!!!

Just received another supply of cheap Win-

ter Sperm, 31½ cts., Oil for Lard Lamps 18½

cts. a qt., also pure Lard Oil, Whale Oil and

Fresh prime Oil, by E. D. SMITH. [Feb. 22,

same description.
Cloths, Cassimeres, Sattinets, Vestings
and all other articles in my line of business.
Don't forget to call at the new Railroad
Clothing Emporium, Seventh street, a few
doors below Franklin, east side.
WILLIAM McFARLAN
30-1f.
Sept. 14.
DR. J. MARSHALL,
Has for sale, a splendid assortment of Perfumery,
as cheap as can be had at any other Store in the City,
May 11. 12 6mo.

**For Sale or Exchange for
Reading City Property.**

A large Farm within 12 miles of Reading,
in a good state of cultivation, with all the ne-
cessary buildings.

ALSO—4491 acres of unimproved land,
situate in Monroe county, Pa. The soil is
good and abounds with wood. The title is
good, and the land has recently been survey-
ed, and will be sold or exchanged at a bar-
gain.

WANTED in exchange for city property,
a small Farm in the neighborhood of Read-
ing. Property yielding a good interest is
offered in exchange.

ALSO, FOR RENT—an office or store
room, in a central part of the city.—Rent low.

ALSO, FOR SALE—a number of houses
and lots, in various parts of the city. Apply
at the agency of

CHARLES TROXELL,
Feb. 22. No. 3, North 5th st.

Great Bargains in Dry Goods.

RECEIVED AND NOW OPENING—

1200 yards Rich Style Mous de Laines, at 15 a 18½ cts.

1500 do. ¾ wide Merrimac and Cocheco

Prints. 124

900 do. 4 4 double Purple Chintzes 124

5000 do. Prints, warranted fast colors 8

6000 do. 4 4 Heavy Brown Sheetings 64

3000 do. ¾ wide Bleached Shirting Mus-

lins, worth 10 cts. 64

1800 do. 4 4 do do worth 15 cts. 10

3 cases Spring Style Real Scotch Ging-

ham, warranted fast colors 15 and 18½

85 doz. Ladies' Linen Cambric Hdk's, at 10, 12½, 15 and 18½

60 doz. Gentlemen's do 25, 31, 37½ and 50

March 23. D. R. CLYMER.

AT PRIVATE SALE.

A THREE STORY BRICK HOUSE,

with a two-story Back Building adjoining,

situate in North Fifth street, three doors

from the corner of Penn st., in the city of

Reading; was formerly occupied as a store,

and is well situated for business, being located

in the most public part of the city.

For terms, &c., apply at the office of

WM. M. BAIRD, Attorney at Law, North

5th street, between Washington and Wal-

nut streets.

Reading, Dec. 21, 1847. 41-1f

Persons Going to House-keeping

Will find a large assortment of goods at the

cheap Hardware store:—consisting of knives

and forks, table spoons, pots, kettles, patent

metal boilers, brass kettles, flat irons, glass

lamps, candle sticks, snuffers, Cedar & hol-

low ware—Also a large assortment of look-

ing Glasses, pans shovels and tongs, baskets,

&c., &c. For sale cheap at the corner of

4th and Penn, opposite Housman's Hotel by

Feb. 8. FRANKLIN MILLER.

J. & C. M. PEARSON.

HAVE just returned from Philadelphia,

and are now unpacking the cheapest assort-

ment of Fancy and Staple DRY GOODS ever

offered in Reading. Our Goods have all been

purchased for Cash and can be sold for less

than those persons that buy on credit. The

public are respectfully invited to call and ex-

amine the same, at No. 16, West Penn

Square. [Feb. 22.]

VESTINGS.—A splendid assortment of

of fancy Vestings just received, by

april 4. SEYFERT & MINER.

SHOES. BOOTS

MONUMENTS, HEADSTONES

AND

BUILDING WORK.

The undersigned offer their services to the
public in executing all kinds of

Plain and Ornamental

MARBLE AND FREESTONE WORK,

on reasonable terms, and at short notice.

Those of their Fellow-Citizens desirous of

obtaining something handsome in the above

line, are respectfully invited to call and view

their finished work, as well as their large

collection of designs for Monuments, Head-

stones, &c., &c., &c.

F. H. STRECKER,

H. HOTEI,

Railroad street, between Penn and Franklin.

Nov. 30. 41-6mo.

JOHN MELLERT

DEALER AND MANUFACTURER

OF STOVES AND TIN WARE.

Taks leave to inform his numerous friends

that he continues to carry on his business in

all its branches, at the old stand,

No. 31, East Market Square, near Bar-

to's Tavern,

where at all times will be found a large as-

sortment of Stoves.

Among them are: Kohler's Complete Cook-

ing Stoves, which have been in general use

for several years, and are well known from

their peculiar qualities. Also, Kohler's New

Patent Air-Tight Cooking Stoves. Also,

Attwood's Empire Cooking Stoves, for coal

and wood, which has received the first pre-

mium at the exhibitions in Boston, N. York

and Philadelphia. These stoves will be war-

ranted to give full satisfaction in all for which

they are recommended. Also, all kinds of

wood and coal stoves for the use of parlors,

rooms, kitchens, and other apartments.

All kinds of Tin Ware, Stove Pipes,

Kettles, &c., are always kept on hand, or

will be made to order at reasonable prices.

Thankful for the liberal patronage already

bestowed upon him, he will spare no exer-

tions during the approaching season to give

full satisfaction to all who may favor him

with a call, by strict attention to business,

and low prices.

N. B.—Old stoves and other castings ta-

ken in trade. [Reading, sept. 28.—32-1f

JOHN GREEN,

HAS just received from Philadelphia, a

large stock of choice WINES and BRANDY.

Best Madeira Wine, \$5 00 pr. gall.

Do. do. 4 00 "

Do. do. 3 00 "

Sicily, 2 50 "

And so down to 75 "

Brandy 20 years old, best \$5 00 "

Ditto, 3 00 "

Ditto, 2 00 "

Ditto, 1 25 "

And a variety of other Liquors, all well

selected, and issuperior to any other offered

in this city.

Feb 22. 1-1f

REMOVAL.

D. ORRICK has removed his Office to

North 5th street, 3 doors above Penn.

Notice.

4000 yards of new fast-colored Calicoes, at

7 cents—worth 12½—at CLYMER'S corner

of 5th and Penn street, Yellow House House,

with Open Glass Front. 18. 1848.

Glass, Glass.—50 boxes 8 by 10

glass, with a general assortment of other

sizes, Varnish, Paints, Oils, White Lead,

&c., &c., for sale very low by

FRANKLIN MILLER,

april 4. Corner of Penn & 4th St's.

to the efforts will be spared to give gen-
eral satisfaction, and will be punctual to see
Merchants and others wishing to have ar-
ticles purchased, will please apply to BICK-

LEY & BROTHER; one of the firm can be

found daily at the New Depot. Reading, the

other at the Black Bear Hotel, No. 241½

North Third street, Philadelphia.

February 2, 1847. 50-1f

WILLIAM FREY.

HAS just opened a very large

and complete assortment of Gun

Shoes. The assortment consists

of Men's patent Gun Elastic Over Shoes.

Women's do. do.

do. patent Gun Buskins.

do. patent Gun Sandals.

Also, Misses' patent Over Shoes, Sandals

and Buskins.

All of the most improved Manufacture and

style and a larger assortment than can be

found elsewhere in Reading. Cheap for cash

at No. 10, North 5th street.

dec. 7.) WILLIAM FREY.

POSTS & RAILS.

The undersigned offers for sale a lot of

first-rate heavy chestnut Posts & Rails, cut

one year ago.

Feb. 1. JOHN GREEN.

REMOVAL.

The subscribers have removed their cash

Hat & Cap store, to No. 45, Penn St. 4 doors

above 6th Street Reading, where they will

be pleased to see all persons wanting a good

fashionable Hat or Cap, at astonishing low

prices for cash.

Feb. 8. DALLAS A. K